

Seat No: _____

Enrollment No: _____

PARUL UNIVERSITY
FACULTY OF COMMERCE
B.Com Internal Examination 2016

Semester : I

Subject Code : 16100106

Subject Name: Business Mathematics

Date: 13/10/2016

Time: 10:30 to 12:30

Total Marks: 40

Instructions:

1. Attempt all questions from each section
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.

Q.1 Fill in the blanks.

(08)

1. Let A be a singleton set then no. of subsets of $A =$ ____
A. 0 B. 1 C. 2 D. 4
2. If $n(U) = 4, n(A) = 2, n(B) = 3$ and $n(A \cap B) = 2$ then $n(A') =$ ____
A. 0 B. 1 C. 2 D. 4
3. If A is 6×6 matrix, B is 6×7 and C is 6×5 matrix then which of the following is possible?
A. CA B. BC C. AB D. none of them
4. For any two disjoint sets which of the following is not true.
A. $n(A \cup B) = n(A) + n(B)$ B. $n(A \cap B) = 0$
C. $n(A \cap B) = n(A) + n(B)$ D. $A \cap B = \emptyset$
5. How many terms are there in the geometric progression $2, 4, 8, \dots, 128$?
A. 5 B. 6 C. 7 D. 9
6. If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 12 & 2 & 3 \\ 5 & 4 & 6 & 0 \\ 1 & 4/5 & 6/5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ then $tr(A)$ is ____.
A. -7 B. 7 C. 0 D. Not possible
7. Two matrices A and B are multiplied to get BA if
A. both are rectangular C. no. of rows of A is equal to no. of columns of B
B. both have same order D. no. of columns of A is equal to columns of B
8. Give an example of a matrix which is symmetric as well as skew-symmetric, upper triangular as well as lower triangular.

Q.2 A. If $U = \{x = 10 + a \mid a = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$, $A = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid -15 < x < 13\}$,
 $B = \{x \mid 11 < x \leq 15\}$ then rewrite the sets using listing method.
And verify $(A \cap B)' = A' \cup B'$ (04)

B. I. Find the sum of the first 19 terms of the AP $4, -2, -8, \dots$ (04)
II. Find the sum of the first 12 terms of the GP with first term 3 and common ratio 1.5.

Q.3 A. Evaluate (i) $2A + 3B - C^T$ (ii) $3C - 2A^T + B^T$ (03)
if $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$, $B = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 & 0 \\ 3 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$, $C = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

B. Using Cramer's rule solve

$$x + 2y + 3z = 14$$

$$3x + y + 2z = 11$$

$$2x + 3y + z = 11$$

Q.4 Attempt any 2 out of 3

(i) There are 35 students in art class and 57 students in dance class. Find the number of students who are either in art class or in dance class;

(a) When two classes meet at different hours and 12 students are enrolled in both activities.

(b) When two classes meet at the same hour.

(ii) An AP is given by $k, \frac{2k}{3}, \frac{k}{3}, 0, \dots$. If the 20th term is equal to -16 , find k .

Also, using this value of k , (a) find the sixth term. (b) find the sum of first 10 terms.

(iii) If $U = \{x \in \mathbb{Z} \mid -3.5 \leq x < 4\}$, $A = \{x \in \mathbb{N} \mid -3.5 \leq x < 4\}$,
 $B = \{x \mid (x-1)(x+1)(x+2) = 0\}$ then

(a) Find $A' \cap B : A \times B$

(b) Find power set of B

Q.5 Attempt any 2 out of 3

(i) Solve using inverse of a matrix :

$$\frac{3}{x} - \frac{4}{y} = 4$$

$$\frac{4}{x} - \frac{5}{y} = 5$$

(ii) Express $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 \\ -3 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ as a sum of a symmetric and a skew-symmetric matrix

(iii) Find A^{-1} , if exists, for $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 3 & 2 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$