

**“COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF DIFFERENT SAMPLES OF  
SWARASA OF VASA PATRA”**



Dissertation submitted as partial fulfillment for the degree of

**Ayurveda Vachaspati**

**[Doctor of Medicine– Ayurveda]**

**Specialty – Rasashastra evum Bhaishajya Kalpana**

**Scholar**

Vikram Singh Bagari

**Under the supervision of**

**Guide**

Dr. Rakesh Salve

M. D. (Ayu.)

Associate Professor, Department of Rasashastra evum Bhaishajya Kalpana

**Co-Guide**

Dr. Komal S. Patel

M. Pharm, Ph.D

Assistant Professor, Dept. of Pharmacology

**Department of Rasashastra evum Bhaishajya Kalpana,**

**Parul Institute of Ayurved,**

**Parul University, Limda, Vadodara, Gujarat-391760 (India).**

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**Enrollment No: 150202205007**

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**ABSTRACT****Aims and Objectives:**

Comparative analysis of different samples of *Swarasa* of *Vasa patra*

To standardize *Vasa swarasa* preparation method

To make comparison between different procedures of *Vasa swarasa* preparation

To establish standard manufacturing procedure of *Vasa swarasa*

To find efficient method of *Vasa swarasa* preparation in terms of *Vasicine* content.

**Collection of Raw Materials:** Herbal Garden, Parul Institute of Ayurved and periphery of campus.

**Materials and Methods:**

The study was carried out in following phases:

- 1) Conceptual study
- 2) Pharmacognostical study
- 3) Pharmaceutical study
- 4) Analytical study

**Conclusion:** In this study *Vasa swaras* was prepared by four different types explained in sharangadhar sanhita madhyam khand i.e. Yantra nishpidan, Putpak, Hima and kwath method to find efficient method of *vasa swarasa* preparation.

By using each method three samples of *swaras* were prepared and its organoleptic and physico-chemical evaluation were done to standardize the method.

The Organoleptic, Physico-chemical and phyto-chemical test findings were compared. According to the findings it may be concluded that Yantra nishpidan and Putpak method of *swaras* preparation was most efficient to obtain the *Vasa swaras*. According to the quantification of *Vasicine*, as it is found five times more in Yantra Nishpidan and Putpak method than Hima and Kwath method the first two methods of *swarasa* extraction were most efficient.

**Keywords:** *swarasa preparation of vasa patra of different methods.*