PARUL UNIVERSITY

PARUL INSTITUTE OF APPLIED SCIENCES

MID SEMESTER INTERNAL EXAMINATION, MARCH, 2020

M. Sc. Semester IV Subject: GEOLOGY

Title of the paper: Engineering Geology

Time: 12:00 PM - 01:30 PM

Paper Code: 11211253

Date: 04/03/2020

Maxir	num Mai	rks: 40						
Instru	ictions:							
1.	All ques	stions are compulsory and opt	ions are	given in first a	nd second question			
	only.							
2.	Numbers to the right of question indicate the marks of respective question.							
Q. 1	Atten	npt any one question of the fol	lowing.		(08)			
	(i) Ex	xplain coarse soils in detail.						
	(ii) S	hort note on Mechanical weather	ering.					
Q. 2	Atten	npt any three questions of the	<u>.</u>	(12)				
	(i) Sh							
	(ii) S							
	(iii) I							
	(iv) E	Explain tunneling in soft ground.						
	(v) Sl	hort note on investigation of res	ervoir sit	es.				
Q. 3	Do as	s directed. Attempt all five ques	stions.		(05)			
	(i) De	(i) Define density of coarse grained soil.						
(ii) Define Swelling ground.								
	(iii) Define Squeezing ground.							
	(iv) Define Arch dam.							
		hat is dispersive soil?						
Q. 4	Write correct option in your answer sheet for following 15 multiple (
		e questions.						
MCQ	-	cific gravity of gravels is						
	(A)	2.0 - 2.4	(B)	1.5 - 1.8				
	, ,	2.5 - 2.8	(D)					
MCQ		density(Mg m ⁻³) of gravel is _						
	` ′	3.45 - 4.3	` ′	1.45 - 2.3				
		0.45 - 1.3	(D)	2.45 - 4.3				
MCQ	3 The	The angle of shearing resistance is influenced by the distribution and						
		·	(D)					
	(A)	Grain roundness and size	(B)	-				
1400	(C) Grain size and grain shape (D) None of the above							
MCQ								
	to be advanced without support, typical representatives being stiff clays with low							
	plasticity and loess above the water table. (A) Punning ground (B) Flowing ground							
	(A)	Running ground	(B)	Flowing grou				
	(C)	Firm ground	(D)	Ravelling gro	ound			

MCQ 5	types of ground moves like a viscous liquid.							
	(A)	Running ground	(B)	Flowing ground				
	(C)	Firm ground	(D)	Ravelling ground				
MCQ 6	Two basic mechanisms that contribute towards the deformation of coarse soil are							
	(A) distortion of the particles a		nd (B)	distortion of particles and gravity				
		the relative motion	ne relative motion					
	(C)	distortion of the particles ar	nd (D)	None of the above				
		the parent composition	he parent composition					
MCQ 7	A dam is a rigid monolithic structure that is usually straight in plan.							
	(A)	Gravity	(B)	Buttress				
	(C)	Arch	(D)	None of the above				
MCQ 8	Hoover dam, Colorado is an example of type of dam.							
	(A)	Gravity	(B)	Buttress				
	(C)	Arch	(D)	None of the above				
MCQ 9	Errochty Dam, Scotland is an example of type of dam.							
	(A)	Gravity	(B)	Buttress				
	(C)	Arch	(D)	None of the above				
MCQ 10	Broad valley that has strong rocks on one side and weaker ones on the other							
	possibly can be spanned by a combined gravity and embankment dam which is							
	called							
	(A)	Arch dam	(B)	Composite dam				
	(C)	Buttress dam	(D)	All of the above				
MCQ 11	Cow Green Dam in Teesdale, northeast England is an example of type							
	of dam.							
	(A)	Arch dam	(B)	Composite dam				
	(C)	Buttress dam	(D)	All of the above				
	` /		, ,					
MCQ 12	Matc	h the following:						
TO 15	Types of material (A)Boulders (B)Coarse gravel		Size(in m	Size(in mm)				
			(I) 0.06 – 0.2 (II) Over 200					
		(C)Fine sand	(III) 0.002 – 0.006					
		(D) D' 11						
		(D)Fine silt	(IV) 20 –	60				

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