PARUL UNIVERSITY PARUL INSTITUTE OF APPLIED SCIENCES **MID SEMESTER INTERNAL EXAMINATION, MARCH 2020**

M.Sc. Geology, Semester II

(08)

(12)

(05)

(15)

Paper Name: Paleontology Paper Code: 11211153 Time: 2.30-4.00 pm Date: 04/03/2020 **Maximum Marks: 40** Instructions: 1. All questions are compulsory and options are given in first & second question only. 2. Numbers to the right of question indicate the marks of respective question. **Q.1** Attempt **any one** question of the following. (i) Describe the four postulates of Lamarckism and also provide examples favoring Lamarckism. (ii) Define and discuss categories of mechanisms of reproductive isolation Q.2 Attempt any three questions of the following. (i) Draw schematic representation showing Seilacher and Martinson's trace fossil classification. (ii) Discuss about the subdivisions of biogenic sedimentary structures. (iii) According to principle of Natural selection, which individuals produce more offspring? (iv) Discuss any two reasons of why do animals burrow. (v) Enlist and define the four types of chromosomal aberration type of mutation. **Q.3** Do as directed. Attempt **all five** questions. (i) Define the term "population". (ii) Give any two characteristics of trace fossils (iii) Species with which characteristic are termed as incipient species? (iv) What do you mean by the term "Population dynamics" (v) What is the ethological term used for a burrow representing a dwelling structure? Write correct option in your answer sheet for all 15 multiple choice questions **O.4** MCQ 1 The scatter diagram is the simplest graphic form of ______ analysis (A) Trivariate (B) bivariate (C) Univariate (D) multivariate MCQ 2 _____structures are those where the burrower forces a passage through the substrate by pressing it aside and compact the sediment. (A) Intrusion **(B) Backfill** (C) Excavation (D) Compression MCQ 3 The distinction between a worker and a queen in honeybee and termites is an example of ______ variation. (A) Continuous non-genetic **(B)** Discontinuous genetic Ontogenetic (C) Discontinuous non-genetic (D)

- MCQ 4 _____ substrate suggests mud or silty mud,
 - (A) Softground (B) Hardground (C) Looseground (D) Soupground

MCQ 5	Appearance of a short legged sheep variety from long-legged parents in a single generation is an example of theory of evolution.			
	(A)		(B)	
	(C)	Lamarckian	(D)	Synthetic
MCQ 6	refers to a phylogenetic cluster of taxa.			
	(A)	Clade	(B)	Rank
	(C)	Unit	(D)	Phenogram
MCQ 7	The trace fossil Rhizocorallium is an example of			
	(A)	Domichnia	(B)	Repichnia
	(C)	Fodinichnia	(D)	Pascichnia
MCQ 8	is the highest (most general) rank of organisms.			
	(A)		(B)	Domain
	(C)	Kingdom	(D)	Order
MCQ 9	is an evolutionary process of species formation.			
MCQ)	(A)	Adaptation	(B)	Speciation
	(A) (C)	Mutation	(D) (D)	Variation
	(C)	Widtation	(D)	variation
MCQ 10	Theory of inheritance of acquired characters was proposed by			
	(A)	August Weismann	(B)	Ernst Mayer
	(C)	Charles Darwin	(D)	Jean Baptiste de Lamarck
MCQ 11	Two species having bodies or reproductive structures that simply don't fit together			
	represents isolation.			
	(A)	Mechanical	(B)	Temporal
	(C)	Gametic	(D)	Habitat
MCQ 12	2			
-	(A)	Paleontology	(B)	Taxonomy
	(C)	Ichnology	(D)	Stratinomy
MCQ 13	Which of the following statement is true for a "species"			
MCQ 13	I. It should be able to interbreed.			
	II. It should be able to produce fertile offspring.			
	III. It should be living near to each other.			
	(A)	I & II are true but III is false	(B)	All the three are true
	(C)	I & III are true but II is false	(D)	Only I is true.
MCQ 14	The struggle for existence between members of different species is called as			
	(A)	Interspecific	(B)	Inheritance
	(C)	Extraspecific	(D)	Intraspecific
MCQ 15	Whe	/hen a new genus is proposed, a designation must accom		
	the original description.			
		Type order	(B)	Type Family
	(C)	Type species	(D)	Type phylum