## Practical synopsis Batch A

\* Required

| Email address *   |
|---|
|   |
| Enrollment No *   |
| Following drug produce negative chronotropic and inotropic on frog's heart Mark only one oval.      |
| Adrenaline  |
| CaCl2   |
| KCI .   |
| All of the above  |
| The response proportional to the dose that lies between no response to maximum response is called * |
| Mark only one oval.   |
| Quantal assay   |
| Graded assay  |
| Both of the above   |
| None of the above   |
|   |

| 5. | Bioassay is required when *  |
|----|--|
|    | Mark only one oval.  |
|    | No chemical assay method is available                                  |
|    | Sensitivity of chemical assay is poor                                  |
|    | When the drug compound is new  |
|    | All of the above   |
|    |  |
| 6. | Drugs causing relaxation of muscles are called *                       |
|    | Mark only one oval.  |
|    | Spasmolytics   |
|    | Spasmogens   |
|    | Spasmodics   |
|    | All of the above   |
|    |  |
| 7. | Decrease in heart rate is called *                                     |
|    | Mark only one oval.  |
|    | Positive ionotropic effect   |
|    | Positive chronotropic effect   |
|    | Negative inotropic effect  |
|    | Negative chronotropic effect   |
|    |  |
| 8. | Following drugs produces positive chronotropic and ionotropic effect * |
|    | Mark only one oval.  |
|    | Adrenaline   |
|    | Atropine   |
|    | KCI  |
|    | All of the above   |

| 9.  | Following drug reduces the effect of ACh on chicken ileum *   |
|-----|---|
|     | Mark only one oval.   |
|     | Atropine  |
|     | Physostigmine   |
|     | Adrenaline  |
|     | All of the above  |
|     |   |
| 10. | How many responses are taken after selecting the standard dose and test dose in 4 point assay method? * |
|     | Mark only one oval.   |
|     | 16  |
|     | <u></u>   |
|     | 9   |
|     | None of the above   |
|     |   |
| 11. | Which chemical is used to induce inflammation in animal paw? *  |
|     | Mark only one oval.   |
|     | Carragenan  |
|     | Strychnine  |
|     | Haloperidol   |
|     | All of the above  |
|     |   |

| 12. | Which muscle preparation can used for bioassay of oxytocin? * |
|-----|---|
|     | Mark only one oval.   |
|     | rat ileum   |
|     | rat fundus strip  |
|     | rat anococcygeus muscles                                      |
|     | rat uterine horn  |
|     |   |
|     |   |
|     |   |

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## Practical exam synopsis batch B (23/09/20)

| * Required  |                        |
|---|------------------------|
| Email address *   |                        |
| Your email  |                        |
| is used to achieve the magnification of respo                           | nse in in-vitro        |
| O Lever   |                        |
| Organ bath  |                        |
| Organ tube  |                        |
| None of the above   |                        |
| Determining potency of drug by measuring its physiolog tissue is called | gical effect on living |
| Chemical assay  |                        |
| ○ RIA   |                        |
| C ELISA   |                        |
| Bioassay  |                        |





| Which muscle perparation can be used for bioassay of serotonin?   |
|---|
| Rat uterine horn muscles  |
| Rat anococcygeus muscles  |
| Rat fundus strip  |
| All of the above  |
|   |
| Which drug produces negative ionotropic and chronotropic effect?  |
| Acetylcholine   |
| Adrenaline  |
| CaCl2   |
| All of the above  |
|   |
| The drugs which increases the outflow of urine is called  |
| ○ Spasmolytics  |
| Spasmogens  |
|   |
| O Diuretics   |
|   |
| O Diuretics   |
| O Diuretics   |
| O Diuretics None of the above   |
| O Diuretics O None of the above  Which drugs are used in paralytic ileus and atony of bladder?  |
| <ul> <li>Diuretics</li> <li>None of the above</li> <li>Which drugs are used in paralytic ileus and atony of bladder?</li> <li>Spasmolytics</li> </ul> |

| Which chemical is used to induce inflammation in animal paw?                           |
|--|
| ○ Carragenan   |
| Strychnine   |
| O Haloperidol  |
| All of the abive   |
|  |
| indicates the affinity of the antagonist for it's receptor.                            |
| O pA2 value  |
| O pKa value  |
| pD2 value  |
| All of the above   |
|  |
| Constriction of abdomen, twining of trunk and extension of hind limbs is characterized |
| O Seizures   |
| O Depression   |
| Writhing   |
| All of the above   |





| are the substances which de | creases pain sensation |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| O Diuretics                 |                        |
| Spasmogens                  |                        |
| Spasmolytics                |                        |
| Analgesics                  |                        |

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## Practical exam synopsis batch C (21/09/20)

|         | * Required   |
|---------|--|
|         | Email address *  |
|         | Your email   |
|         | Enrollment no *  |
|         | Your answer  |
| / A A A | Determining potency of drug by measuring its physiological effect on living tissue is called |
|         | Chemical assay   |
|         | O RIA  |
|         | O ELISA  |
|         | Bioassay   |
|         |  |
|         | Bioassay is required when  |
|         | No chemical assay method is available  |
|         | Sensitivity of chemical assay is poor  |
|         | When the drug compound is new  |
|         | All of the above   |



| When the response is in the form of "all or none" it is called                             |
|--|
| Graded assay   |
| Quantal assay  |
| O Both of the above  |
| None of the above  |
|  |
| When the test is changed until the same response as that of standard is achieved is called |
| Matching method  |
| O Bracketing method  |
| O Both of them   |
| O None of them   |
|  |
| Increase in the force of contraction is called   |
| O Positive ionotropic effect   |
| O Positive chronotropic effect   |
| Negative ionotropic effect   |
| Negative chronotropic effect   |





| Following drugs produces positive chronotropic and ionotropic effect                                  |
|---|
| Adrenaline  |
| Atropine  |
| O KCI   |
| All of the above  |
|   |
| Following drug will potentiate the effect of ACh on frog rectus abdominis muscles                     |
| Atropine  |
| Physostigmine   |
| Adrenaline  |
| All of the above  |
|   |
| How many responses are taken after selecting the standard dose and test dose in 3 point assay method? |
| O 16  |
| O 36  |
| O 9   |
| O None of the above   |
|   |





| Wh                                      | ich chemical is used to induce inflammation in animal paw?  |
|---|---|
| 0                                       | Carragenan  |
| 0                                       | Strychnine  |
| 0                                       | Haloperidol   |
| 0                                       | All of the abive  |
|   |   |
|   | indicates the affinity of agonist for the receptor          |
| 0                                       | pA2 value   |
| C                                       | pKa value   |
| C                                       | pD2 value   |
| C                                       | All of the above  |
|   |   |
| *************************************** | indicates the affinity of the antagonist for it's receptor. |
| C                                       | pA2 value   |
| C                                       | ) pKa value   |
| C                                       | pD2 value   |
| C                                       | All of the above  |

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