

PARUL UNIVERSITY**FACULTY OF LAW****LL.M (International Law) Summer 2018 – 19 Examination****Semester: 2****Date: 10/04/2019****Subject Code: 17202181****Time: 10.30 am to 1.00 pm****Subject Name: Public International Law****Total Marks: 60****Instructions:**

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
4. Start new question on new page.

Q.1 Do as directed. (1 marks each. All Compulsory)**(15)**

1. Who is the Father of International Law?

(a) Oppenheim	(b) Frederick Pollock
(c) Sir T E Holland	(d) Hugo Grotius
2. The word International Law was first used by

(a) Lombroso	(b) Bentham
(c) Salmond	(d) Austin
3. The headquarter of the International Court of Justice (ICJ) is at

(a) New York	(b) Addis Ababa
(c) New Delhi	(d) Hague
4. The headquarter of United Nations Organization is at

(a) New York	(b) Addis Ababa
(c) New Delhi	(d) London
5. India is a member of the -

(a) AU	(b) EU
(c) SAARC	(d) None of these
6. Universal Declaration of Human Rights was proclaimed in

(a) 1947	(b) 1948
(c) 1949	(d) 1950
7. The International Court of Justice is at

(a) London	(b) Paris
(c) Hague	(d) Nurenburg
8. Which one is the international river ?

(a) Ganga	(b) Narmada
(c) Godavari	(d) Kaveri
9. Diplomatic Envoys of the Commonwealth countries within the Commonwealth countries are called

(a) Ambassadors	(b) Government Agents
(c) High Commissioners	(d) None of these
10. Diplomatic Envoys of the Commonwealth countries appointed in Non-Commonwealth countries are called

(a) Ambassadors	(b) Government Agents
(c) High Commissioners	(d) None of these

State the following statements are True/False

11. Sikkim is a full fledged State in eyes of International Law.
12. Queen Elizabeth II is the Head of the Commonwealth of Nations
13. Kingdom of Bhutan is a landlocked country.
14. There is a Indo-Pak Treaty for the Indus Water.
15. State territory ends at the sea coast line

Q.2 A) Write short notes on (Each of three mark)**(15)**

1. Recognition
2. Pacta Sunt Servanda
3. Subjects of International Law
4. Asylum
5. Extradition

Q.3 A) Define International Law. Is International Law really a Law? Discuss in detail the relationship between Municipal Law and International Law. **(08)**

OR

A) Define 'State' with its essential characteristics. Discuss in detail the State Succession. **(08)**

B) What is meant by a Treaty? Write a note on the Ratification and Termination of a treaty by a sovereign state. **(07)**

OR

B) What is meant by a Diplomatic Agent? What are the powers and privileges of them? **(07)**

Q.4 A) Discuss the following cases of International Law **(07)**

a) Berubari Case [1960]

b) Portugal v India [ICJ Reports]

B) Answer the following (ANY FOUR) (Each of two mark) (08)

1. What do you mean by Persona non Grata?

2. Illustrate an Indian enactment which embodies the spirit of International Law

3. What are the responsibilities of the diplomatic counsels?

4. What is mean by State Succession?

5. Distinguish between Private International Law and Public International law.