PARUL UNIVERSITY

PARUL INSTITUTE OF APPLIED SCIENCES MID SEMESTER INTERNAL EXAMINATION, MARCH 2018

B. Sc. Semester IV Subject: BIOCHEMISTRY

Paper Code:11103253 Title of the paper: Environmental Biochemistry

Date: 04/03 /2020 Time: 1.5 hr

Maximum Marks: 40

Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory and options are given in first and second question only.

2. Numbers to the right of question indicate the marks of respective question.

Q. 1	1 Attempt any one question of the following.					
	(i) Define and describe water reclamation process.					
	(ii) Compare and contrast aquatic and terrestrial ecosystem.					
Q. 2	Attempt any three questions of the following.					
	(i) Comment on distinguishing features of desert ecosystem.					
	(ii) Explain the relationship between consumerism and waste products.					
	(iii) Briefly explain EPA.					
	(iv) Describe the ways of water conservation.					
	(v) Write about 3R principle with suitable examples.					
Q. 3	Do as directed. Attempt all five questions.	(05)				
	(i) Enlist adaptations in forest ecosystem.					
	(ii) Define ecological succession.					
	(iii) How the energy flow in the ecosystem.					
	(iv) Concept of food web.					
	(v) Define ecosystem.					
Q. 4	Write correct option in your answer sheet for following 15 multiple choice questions.	(15)				

MCQ 1	World population day is on					
	(A)	11 July	(B)	11 august		
	(C)	11 september	(D)	11 June		
MCQ 2	3R in sustainable development is					
	(A)	Reuse,reduce,recycle.	(B)	Report,Reclaim,Reuse.		
	(C)	Retain,reuse,repay	(D)	None of the above.		
MCQ 3	The provisions for the environmental protection in the constitution were made in					
	(A)	1976	(B)	1950		
	(C)	1982	(D)	1960		
MCQ 4	4 NGOs stands for:					
	(A)	Non-Governmental	(B)	Nine-Governmental Organization		
		Organization				
	(C)	Non-Gained Organizations	(D)	National-Grade Organization		
MCQ 5 Identify the possible link "A" in the following food chain: Plant → insec				food chain: Plant \rightarrow insect \rightarrow frog \rightarrow		
	"A" → Eagle					

				1_		
	(A)	Cobra	(B)	Parrot		
	(C)	Rabbit	(D)	Wolf		
MCQ 6	Trophic levels in ecosystem is formed by:					
	(A)	only herbivores	(B)	only plants		
	(C)	only bacteria	(D)	Organisms linked in food chain		
MCQ 7	Social, economical and ecological equity is the necessary condition for achieving					
	(A)	Social development	(B)	Economical development		
	(C)	Sustainable development	(D)	Ecological development		
MCQ 8	An ecosystem which can be easily damaged but can recover after some time if					
	damaging effect stops will be having					
	(A)	High stability and high	(B)	Low stability and low resilience		
		resilience				
	(C)	High stability and low	(D)	Low stability and high resilience		
		resilience				
MCQ 9	The multi-crore project about the Ganga Action Plan came					
	(A)	1905	(B)	1955		
	(C)	1955	(D)	1995.		
MCQ 10	The concept of sustainable development encourages					
	(A)	Form of growth that meets	(B)	Preservation of the resources for the		
		current basic needs		need of future generation		
	(C)	A change in all respects of	(D)	Growth to meet current needs,		
		life		preservation for the needs of future and		
				change in all respects of life		
MCQ 11	In an ecosystem, the main source of energy is					
	(A)	heat released during	(B)	solar energy		
		transpiration				
	(C)	sugar stored in plants	(D)	heat released during fermentation		
MCQ 12	2 12 Succulent plants grow in					
	(A)	Tundra	(B)	Deserts		
	(C)	Tropical rain forests	(D)	Temperate deciduous forests		
MCQ 13						
	(A)	Desert	(B)	Forest		
	(C)	Grassland	(D)	Oceans		
MCQ 14	The most important human activity ,leading to the extinction of wildlife is					
	(A)	Pollution of wildlife	(B)	Hunting for valuable wildlife products		
	(C)	Introduction foreign species	(D)	Alteration and destruction of natural		
				habitats		
MCQ 15	Thickness of plastic cover permissible to use is					
	(A)	50 microns	(B)	20 microns		
	(C)	100 microns	(D)	10 microns		
		L	1			