

PARUL UNIVERSITY
COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE
B.Sc. (Hons.) Agriculture Summer 2018 - 19 Examination

Semester:5

Subject Code: 20109301

Subject Name: Fundamentals of Rural Sociology and Educational Psychology

Date: 24/04/2019

Time: 2:00pm to 4:30pm

Total Marks: 60

Instructions

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
4. Start new question on new page.

Q.1 Do as Directed.**A. Fill in the blanks. (Each of 1.00 marks)****(10)**

1. _____ is the person who starts the process of communication.
2. O. P. Dahama & O. P. Bhatnagar written the book named _____.
3. Task groups are commonly referred to as _____.
4. _____ is a term used to describe variations in or modifications of any aspect of social process, social patterns, social interaction or social organization.
5. _____ are generally formal statements that specify which behaviors are required of group members and which behaviors are forbidden.
6. Difference in culture produces a _____.
7. According to Leopold group is classified into _____ & _____.
8. The word "Group Dynamics" is coined by _____.
9. _____ groups remain in existence after achievement of current goals and objectives.
10. _____ constitutes a set of beliefs regarding the ultimate power in the universe.

B. Multiple choice type questions. (Each of 1.00 mark)**(10)**

1. A good message should be _____.

a) Clear and understandable	c) Significant and specific
b) Accurate and timely	d) All of the above
2. _____ is the physical bridges between the sender and receiver.

a) Channel	c) Audience response
b) Message	d) Feedback
3. _____ refers to movement within a social class or stratum.

a) Mobility	c) Vertical mobility
b) Horizontal mobility	d) None of the above
4. Attitude is a _____ behaviour.

a) Feeling	c) Knowing
b) Doing	d) Seeing
5. Father of Sociology is _____.

a) J. P. Leagans	c) Max Weber
b) August Comte	d) Thomas Fairchild
6. The first Journal of Rural sociology had been published in _____.

a) 1973	c) 1937
b) 1967	d) 1969
7. Some parts of people's culture do not change as do other traits is called _____.

a) Cultural change	c) Cultural diffusion
b) Cultural Lag	d) Marginal man
8. _____ refers to the words having different meanings for different people.

a) Slang	c) Semantics
b) Synonymous	d) None of the above
9. _____ refers to the position in which you hold your body when standing or sitting.

a) Gestures	c) Both a & b
b) Posture	d) None of the above
10. The word sociology is derived from _____.

a) Greek	c) Both a & b
b) Latin	d) None of the above

Q.2 Do as Directed.

A. Define the following. (Any five)

(05)

1. Family
2. Social stratification
3. Education
4. Culture
5. Cohesiveness
6. Social loafing
7. Reasoning

B. Answer the following. (Any Five)

(05)

1. Why People Join Groups?
2. Enlist the uses of Rural sociology
3. Enlist the types of the family based on residence
4. Give the classification of group according to Sorokin
5. Enlist the characteristics of social group
6. Explain cyclic theory of social change
7. List out the functions of Social institution

Q.3 Write short notes. (Any five)

(15)

1. Give the detailed classification of group according to George Hasen
2. Explain the factors of Social Change in detailed
3. Give the Measures of Social Change
4. Enlist major institutions in rural sociology and explain any one in detailed
5. Describe the stages of group formation
6. Give the difference between primary and secondary groups

Q.4 Attempt any Three/Long Questions/Example

(15)

1. Give the detailed classification of Customs
2. Give the detailed classification of Family according to different aspects
3. Give the detailed classification of social interaction pattern
4. Draw the model of communication and enlist the barriers of communication