Seat	N_{α}		

Enrollment No:

PARUL UNIVERSITY

COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE

B.Sc. (Hons.) Agriculture Summer 2018 - 19 Examination

Semester: 4 Date: 08/04/2019 **Subject Code: 20102252** Time: 10:30am to 01:00pm **Subject Name: Principles of Seed Technology Total Marks: 50** Instructions 1. All questions are compulsory. 2. Figures to the right indicate full marks. 3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. 4. Start new question on new page. Q.1 Do as Directed. A. Fill in the blanks. (Each of 0.5 marks) (05)1. The tag colour of foundation seed is_ 2. The genetic purity percentage of breeder seed is 3. The mimicry weed seed in wheat seed production field_____ 4. ISTA full form 5. The zygotic level of embryo is_____ 6. NSC established in the year_____ 7. Seed act enacted in the year_____ 8. Seed control order came into existence was 9. Isolation distance for foundation seed production of groundnut is 10. The tag colour of certified seed is B. Multiple choice type questions. (Each of 0.5 marks) (10)1. The seeds needs field inspection and available for commercial cultivation to farmers is_____ a) Nucleus seeds c) Certified seeds b) Breeder seeds d) Foundation seeds 2. Physical purity percentage for most of the crops is_ a) 98% c) 94% b) 99% d) 90% **3.** The tag colour of breeder seed is_____ a) Blue colour c) White colour b) Golden yellow colour d) Green colour 4. National Seed Corporation established in _____ c) 1987 a) 1876 b) 1963 d) 1973 5. The zygotic level of microspore is_____ a) n c) 3n b) 2n d) 4n 6. The seed coat originated from a) Integument c) Ovule b) Endosperm d) Ovary 7. The genetic purity of foundation seed is_____ a) 99% c) 100% b) 99.5% d) 90% 8. For the production of microspores and megaspores_____ type of cell division takes place. a) Meiosis c) Both b) Mitosis d) None 9. The class of seeds mainly produced by private seeds organizations are called_____ a) Certified seeds c) Truthfully labelled seeds b) Nucleus seeds d) Breeder seeds 10. Isolation distance for certified seed production of bajra hybrid seed is_____ c) 1000m a) 100m b) 200m d) 400m 11.Main objective of isolation distance is_____ a) Genetic purity c) To produce true to type seeds b) Avoid contamination d) All of the above

	12.	Isolation distance for certified seeds production	of paddy	
		a) 10m	c) 3m	
		b) 5m	d) 4m	
	13.	The number of nucleus present in the embryisac	is	
		a) 8	c) 9	
		b) 7	d) 6	
	14.	The type of cell division takesplace for the prod	uction of gametes in the plants is	
		a) Meiosis	c) Both	
		b) Mitosis	d) None	
	15 r	plumule of embryo give rise to		
	•	a) Shoot system	c) Seeds	
		b) Root system	d) Fruits	
		Radical of embryo give rise to	,	
		a) Shoot system	c) Seeds	
		b) Root system	d) Fruits	
		Anther dehiscence and stigma receptivity takes p	,	
		a) Dichogamy	c) Protandry	
		b) Dicliny	d) Protogyny	
		Tag colour of truthfully labelled seeds is		
		a) Opel green	c) Orange	
		b) Blue	d) None	
		Headquarters of ISTA at	2, 2.3	
		a) Zurich	c) Rome	
		b)New delhi	d) Italy	
		sudden heritable change in an organism is called		
		a) Pleiotrophy	c) Mutation	
		b) Expressivity	d) Variation	
0.2		as Directed.		
		ine the following. (Any five)		(05)
		Seed technology		(00)
		Rouging		
		Off-types		
		Genetic purity		
		Germination		
		Seed vigour		
	7.	E .		
B		swer the following. (Any Five)		(05)
2,	• 1	1. Physical purity		(00)
		2. Isolation distance		
		3. Sporogenesis		
		4. Mega-gametogenesis		
		5. Herkogamy		
		6. Often cross pollination		
		7. Seed certification		
0.3	Wr	ite short notes. (Any five)		(10)
V.		Explain the scope and goals of seeds technolog	_V 9	(10)
		Differentiate between seed vs grains?	<i>y</i> •	
		Draw the structure of seed and labelled it's part	9	
		Differentiate between seed production and grain		
		Explain the board principles of seed certification	-	
		Write down the objective of maintaining isolati	- •	
0.4		empt any Three/Long Questions/Example	ion distance for seed production:	(15)
~·¬			its tag colour and write down its both genetic and	(10)
		physical purity percentage?	in mg colour and write down in both genetic and	
		2. Explain the seed certification steps?		
		3. Write down the 25 sections of seed act 196	569	
			and mega-gametogenesis with neat labelled	
		diagram?	and mega gametogenesis with neat favened	