Seat No:	Enrollment No:
PARUL UNIV	ERSITY
FACULTY (	OF LAW
LLB (Unitary) Summer 2018 – 19 Supplementary Examination	
Semester: 1	Date: 25.11.2019
Subject Code: 17100101	Time: 10:30am to 1:00pm
Subject Name: Law of Torts including Motor Vehicle A	ct Total Marks: 60
& Consumer Protection Act	
<b>Instructions:</b>	
1. All questions are compulsory.	
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.	
4. Start new question on new page.	
Q.1 Do as directed.	(15)
(MCQ, True or False, Definitions, Explain terms)	` '
1. Act of God is	(1 marks each. An Compulsory)
a. Defense for defendant	c. both a &b
b. Defense for plaintiff	d. None of the above
o. Belense for planten	d. I tolle of the doore
2. Stanley vs Powell case is related to	
a. injuria sine damnum	c. damnum sine injuria
b. volenti non fit injuria	d. Inevitable Accident
2 (/T) 1 1 1 1 C	
3. "Tortuous liability arises from the breach of	7 = 7
towards persons generally and its breach is	redressible by an action for unliquidated
damages." Definition given by	a Assatin
a. Sir John Salmond	<ul><li>c. Austin</li><li>d. None of these</li></ul>
b. Bentham	d. None of these
4. origin of word tort from word ie "tortu	m"
a. French	c. German
b. Latin	d. Roman
Z 1177	
5. "Tort as a civil wrong for which the remed	•
damages and which is not exclusively the breach	
merely equitable obligation." Definition given by	
a. Sir John Salmond	c. Austin
b. Bentham	d. Winfield's
6. Wagon Mound Case is related to	
a. Necessity	c. Act of God
b. Remoteness of Damage	d. Inevitable Accident
7. injuria sine damno means	
a. injury without damage	c. damage without injury
b. None of these	d. All of these
8 companyation provided in the text is	
<ol> <li>compensation provided in the tort is</li> <li>a. liquidated damages</li> </ol>	c. unliquidated damages
b. None of these	d. All of these
o. None of these	u. All of these

9. Child can sue through a. Next Friend

c. both a &b

- 10. Explain Malicious Prosecution
- 11. Explain vicarious Laibility
- 12. Explain Trespass to person.
- 13. Explain Inevitable Accident.
- 14. Explain Essential of Tort.
- 15. Explain Capacity of Minor to Sue and to be sued.

## Q.2 A) Write short notes on. (Each of three mark)

**(15)** 

- 1. Strict Liability & its Exceptions
- 2. Trespass to Land
- 3. Remoteness of Damage
- 4. Defamation
- 5. Injuria Sine Damnum & Damnum Sine Injuria
- Q.3 A) Explain the principle of fault and no fault Liability in detail. State Object and salient (08) feature of Motor Vehicle Act.

## OR

- A) Discuss about the functioning of District Consumer Forum, State Consumer Commission and National Consumer Commission also describe composition, jurisdiction and appeal procedure for the all three Consumer Disputes Redressal Machinery.
- **B)** Explain concept of Third Party Risk. Is it necessary for every vehicle to have third party risk covered under insurance? (07)

## OR

- **B)** Discuss various factors which necessitated the emergence of the Consumer Protection (07) Act, 1986 also explain the object of the Consumer Protection Act, 1986?
- Q.4 A) PRINCIPLE: Nuisance as a tort (Civil wrong) means an unlawful interference with a person's use of enjoyment of land, or some right over, or in connection with it.

  FACTS: During the scarcity of onions, long queues were made outside the defendant's shop, who, having a license to sell fruits and vegetables, used to sell only 1 kg of onion per ration card. The queues extended on the highway and also caused some obstruction to the neighbouring shops. The neighbouring shopkeepers brought and action for nuisance against the defendant.

Decide the liability for defendant's shop. Also explain what is 'Nuisance' and distinguish between public and private Nuisance.

## B) Answer the following (Any Four) (Each of two mark)

(08)

- 1. volenti non fit injuria
- 2. Kinds of Negligence
- 3. Act of God
- 4. Capacity to sue King
- 5. What is full form of MACT? Where an appeal for judgment passed by MACT does lies?
- 6. Where an appeal from National Commission does lies?