PARUL UNIVERSITY PARUL INSTITUTE OF APPLIED SCIENCES MID SEMESTER INTERNAL EXAMINATION, APRIL 2017 B. Sc. Semester IV

Biochemistry

Molecular Genetics

Paper Code: 11102151

Date: 11/04/2017

Time: 12.30 p.m. to 02.00 p.m.

Maximum Marks: 40

Instructions:

- 1. All questions are compulsory and options are given in first and second question only.
- 2. Numbers to the right of question indicate the marks of respective question.

Q.1	Attem	mpt any one question of the following. (08)				
	i. Discuss epistatic and non- epistatic genetic interactions.					
	ii. Explain experiment Mendel conducted with pea plants.					
Q. 2	Attempt any three questions of the following.					
	i.	Explain sex linkage in Drosophila.				
	ii.	Discuss extrachromosomal DNA in chloroplast.				
	iii. Explain the deviations from Mendel's laws.					
	iv.	What is crossing over? Exp	crossing over.			
	v. Write a short note on molecular genetics.					
Q. 3	Do as directed. Attempt all five questions.					
	i.	i. What are the phenotypes for multiple alleles of rabbit fur?				
	ii.	What will be the phenotype of the progeny if its parents have				
		blood groups B (heterozygous) and A (homozygous)?				
	iii. What is the relation between map units and recombinant percentage?					
	iv.	Define copy choice theory.				
	v.	What phenomenon did Bate	eson and Pu	innett's sweet pea		
		experiment demonstrate?				
Q. 4	4 Write correct option in your answer sheet for following 15 multip				(15)	
	choice questions.					
MCQ 1	Resis	stance to which antibiotic was	which antibiotic was seen in chloroplast?			
	(A)	Erythromycin	(B)	Tetracyclin		
	(C)	Streptomycin	(D)	Amphicillin		
MCQ 2	2 A character of petite colonies is that they					
	(A)	are very big	(B)	are very small		
	(C)	don't have mitochondria	(D)	don't have nucleus		
MCQ 3	3 . The ratio often referred to the Mendelian ratio is					
	(A)	1:3:3:1	(B)	9:7		
	(C)	3:1	(D)	1:1		
MCQ 4	Laws of inheritance was given by					
	(A)	Morgan	(B)	Mendel		
	(C)	Griffith	(D)	Punnett		
MCQ 5	Strer	igth of linkage is	_ proportional to linked genes			

	(A) inversely	(B)	directly			
	(C) positively	(D)	not			
MCQ 6	In garden peas, height is determined by a single gene with tall being dominate to					
	short. If two heterozygous plants ar	ort. If two heterozygous plants are crossed, what proportion of the tall progeny				
will be homozygous dominant?						
	(A) 1/4	(B)	2/3			
	(C) 3/4	(D)	1/3			
MCQ 7	The idea that for any particular train	The idea that for any particular trait, the pair of alleles of each parent separate and				
	only one allele from each parent pa	one allele from each parent passes to an offspring is Mendel's principle of				
	(A) Independent assortment	(B)	Hybridization			
	(C) Segregation	(D)	Linkage			
MCQ 8	Chaisma is visible at phase					
	(A) Diplotene	(B)	Zygotene			
	(C) Leptotene	(D)	Prophase			
MCQ 9	Maximum number of crossing overs possible are					
	(A) 5	(B)	3			
	(C) 8	(D)	7			
MCQ 10) How is a carrier denoted in a pedigree?					
	(A)	(B)				
	(C)	(D)				
	$(\mathbf{c}) \bullet$	(D)				
MCQ 11	X linked recessive inheritance is more common in					
	(A) Males	(B)	Females			
	(C) Both	(D)	None			
MCQ 12	Haemophilia is an example of		inheritance			
	(A) autosomal recessive	(B)	Y linked			
	(C) X linked dominant	(D)	none of the above			
MCQ 13						
	(A) pearl	(B)	blood			
	(C) eosin	(D)	none of the above			
MCQ 14	The ratio for dominant complement is					
	(A) 9:6	(B)	9:7			
	(C) 9:3:3:1	(D)	15:1			
MCQ 15	Lamarck based his postulates on which model?					
	(A) rats	(B)	giraffe			
	(C) tortoise	(D)	finches			

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