Seat No:_____

PARUL UNIVERSITY COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE B.Sc.(Hons.) Agriculture Summer 2017 - 18 Examination

Semester:	I		Date: 11/06/2018	
Subject Vode: 20102101 Subject Name: Principles of Consting			11me: 10.30 am to 1.00 pm Total Marks: 60	
Subject Na Instructio				
1 All quor	ns tions are compulsory			
2 Figures	to the right indicate full marks			
2. Figures 3. Make su	itable assumptions wherever necessary			
A Start nor	w question on new page			
4. Start nev	w question on new page.			
Q.1 Do	as Directed.			
A. Fill	in the blanks. (Each of 1.00 marks)		(10)	
1.	The term Genetics was coin by			
2.	Combine study of cytology and genetics is known	own as		
3.	The Mendel's results were rediscovered by	,and	·	
4.	The term mutation was coin by			
5.	Stroma and grana are the parts of			
6.	Nucleus was first discovered by			
7.	DNA replication takes place during	phase.		
8.	Meiosis leads to reduction in			
9.	If the centromere is very near the end, the chro	omosome is		
10.	The two ends of a chromosome are known as _	·		
B. Mu	ltiple choice type questions. (Each of 1.00 m	ark)	(10)	
1.	Theory of epigenesis was proposed by			
	a) Charles Darwin	c) Lamark		
	b) Mendel	d) Bateson		
2.	The term lysosome was first used by			
	a) Poster(1948)	c) Camillo(1822)		
	b) Dave(1955)	d) Benda(1897)		
3	Nucleus was first discovered by			
	a) Flemming(1822)	c) Robert Brown(1833)		
	b) Camillo Golgi(1832)	d) Benda(1897)		
4	The daughter cells produced by meiosis are the	ne different from mother cel	lls in	
	a) Shape	c) Size		
_	b) Chromosome number and composition	d) All of the avove		
5	5 In meiosis, syneptonemal complex develops during			
	a) Leptotene	c) Somatic mutation		
	b) Mutagens	d) Visible mutation		
6	At anaphase a metacentric chromosome will a	ssume		
	a) V shape	c) J shape		
-	b) Rod shape	d) None of the above		
/	Structural changes in chromosome cause alter	ation in		
	a) Phenotype	c) Fertility		
0	b) Variability	d) All of the above		
8	In a genome, each type of chromosome is repr	resented		
	a) Only once	c) Twice		
0	b) Inrice	d) Many times		
9	Monoploids are represented by) 2		
	a) x	c) 2x		
10		a) 2n		
10	Substitution of naploids are represented as) 1.1		
	a) $n+1$	c) $n-1+1$		
	D) n-1	a) 2n		

Q.2 Do as Directed.

A. Define the following. (Any five)	
1. Genetics	
2. Endoplasmic reticulum	
3. Heterozygous	
4. Tranformation	
5. Gene interaction	
6. Deletion	
7. Mitosis	
B. Answer the following. (Any Five)	
1. Describe briefly main feature of linkage.	

4. Give the brief classification of chromosome based on position of Centromere.

Define epistatic interaction and explain dominant epistasis with example.
Enlist Mendel's law and explain law of independent assortment in detail.

2. Explain briefly the significance of mitosis.

7. What are the significance of crossing over?

6. Enlist the factor which affecting crossing over.

Write difference between Plant cell and Animal cell
Wright the characteristics of DNA double helix.

5. Write difference between Mitosis and Meiosis

Q.4 Attempt any Three/Long Questions/Example

Write difference between DNA and RNA
Explain cell cycle with labelled diagram.

4. Explain the chloroplast in detail with appropriate figure.

6. Write difference between Crossing over and Linkage.

3. Write function of nucleus.

1. Explain polyploidy in detail.

Q.3 Write short notes. (Any five)

5. Enlist different types of epistasis.

(05)

(05)

(15)

(15)