

PARUL UNIVERSITY
FACULTY OF LAW
I- B.A. LLB. Winter 2019 – 20 Examination

Semester: 6
Subject Code: 17301351
Subject Name: States & Political Obligations

Date: 13/12/2019
Time: 10:30 am to 1:00 pm
Total Marks: 60

Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
4. Start new question on new page.

Q.1 Do as directed.**(15)**

(MCQ, True or False, Definitions, Explain terms) (1 mark each. All Compulsory)

1. What is an Obligation?
 - A. Duty
 - B. Responsibility
 - C. Both A and B
 - D. None of the above
2. Who among the following contributed in Social Contract Theory?
 - A. John Locke
 - B. Thomas Hobbes
 - C. J.J. Rousseau
 - D. All of the above
3. Choose an incorrect option
 - A. State came after social Contract
 - B. States are sovereign bodies
 - C. State of Nature also had political obligation
 - D. None of the option is incorrect
4. There is role of International Society regarding Political Obligation.
 - A. The statement is correct
 - B. The statement is not correct
 - C. It cannot be identified
5. Rights are claims of People from the State. Obligation stands for the task that has to be performed due to necessity by the People.
 - A. Only First Statement is Correct
 - B. Only Second Statement is Correct
 - C. Both the Statements are Correct
 - D. None of the Statement is Correct
6. Which one of the following **is not** a category of Voluntarism?
 - A. Survival Voluntarism
 - B. Amateur Voluntarism
 - C. Mature Voluntarism
 - D. Professional Voluntarism
7. Which one of the following is **not** a Political Idea of T. H. Green?
 - A. Theory of Right
 - B. Theory of Sovereignty
 - C. Theory of State
 - D. Theory of Obligation
8. Which one of from the option is **not** a part of the Body that is State, as per “Organic Theory”?
 - A. Minister
 - B. Territory
 - C. Population
 - D. Resources

9. What are Natural Rights?
 - A. Human rights
 - B. Fundamental Rights
 - C. Both A and B
 - D. None of the above
10. Choose an **Incorrect** Option.
 - A. The liberal theory of revolution emphasizes preserving the status quo in the process of change.
 - B. The Marxian theory emphasized the idea of “permanent revolution”.
 - C. According to neo liberal thinkers the meaning of revolution has different connotation and so it causes may not be discovered in the sphere of economics alone
 - D. Edmund Burk view society as an aggregate of individuals and that a society is incomplete if it does not cater to individual’s self-development.
11. Part 3 of the Indian constitution contributes the directive principles of state policy. Part 4 of the Indian Constitution contributes the Fundamental Rights.
 - A. Both the statements are correct
 - B. Only first statement is correct
 - C. None of the statement is correct
 - D. Only second statement is correct
12. Which one of the following is one of the stages of Varna Ashram system of India?
 - A. Vrudh Ashram
 - B. Kshatriya
 - C. Bhrahmacharya
 - D. Grihastha Ashram
13. Man in the state of nature was a “noble savage” who led a life “primitive simplicity and idyllic happiness.” He was independent, contented, self-sufficient, health, fearless and good. Choose an **incorrect** option with the context of the given statement.
 - A. Both the Statement are correct
 - B. These statements are made by Jean Jack Rousseau
 - C. These statements have no relation to the subject matter of “Political Obligation”
 - D. The statements are made in the context of “Social Contract Theory”
14. Which one of the Statement is **Incorrect**?
 - A. A strong government could protect the people, uphold their rights and promote their general happiness and welfare.
 - B. people have to obey the laws whether they are good or bad
 - C. Obligation are only concerned with Politics and nothing else.
 - D. Fundamental rights are the soul of democracy
15. The word “political” deals with policy and the entire administration of the government. The term “obligation” originates from a German word “obligate”.
 - A. Both the statements are correct
 - B. Only First Sentence is Correct
 - C. None of the Statement is Correct
 - D. Only Second statement is Correct

Q.2 A) Write short notes on (Each of three mark)

(15)

1. What is Social Contract Theory? Give a brief introduction of the Concept.
2. Do we have Right to Disobey the Law? Give your views in the context of state and Political Obligations.
3. Explain Nature and Authority in State regarding Political Obligation.
4. What is Political Legitimacy?
5. Give a brief note on difference between Rights and Obligation.

- Q.3 A) Discuss Philosophical foundations of Political Obligation. Give ideas presented by T.H. green on Political Obligation. (08)**
- OR**
- A) Briefly present the idea of State. Discuss idea of Political Obligation presented by D.D. Raphael. (08)**
- B) Write a note on Gandhian Principles of Obligation. (07)**
- OR**
- B) Write an essay on Obligation and Right to Dissent. (07)**
- Q.4 A) What is Political Obligation? Write an essay on Nature, Scope and Evolution of Political Obligation. (07)**
- B) Answer the following (Each of two mark) (08)**
1. What is Right to Dissent?
 2. Mention the types of Political Obligation.
 3. What is sovereign state?
 4. What is Law? Give an appropriate example.