Seat No: Enrollment No:

PARUL UNIVERSITY **FACULTY OF LAW**

B.A. LL.B., Winter 2018 – 19 Examination								
Semester: 3			Date: 01/11/2018					
Subject Code		Time: 10:30am to 1:00pm						
Subject Name	e: Macro Economics		Total Marks: 60					
Instructions:								
	ons are compulsory.							
	the right indicate full marks.							
	able assumptions wherever necessary.							
4. Start new	question on new page.							
Q.1 Do as	directed.		(15)					
-) (1 marks each. <u>All Compulsory</u>)							
	of demand shows relation between:							
a)	Income and price of commodity	b)	Price and quantity of a commodity					
,	Income and quantity demand		Quantity demanded and supplied					
	en did the Great Depression hit the Unite		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	1860		1776					
/	1936	,	1929					
,	es & first choices are determinants of	u)	1/2/					
		b)	demand					
	supply							
<i>'</i>	demand curve	d)	elasticity					
	natural rate of unemployment is likely to							
	Unemployment benefits increase	b)	Income tax increases					
c)	More training is available for the	d)	Geographical immobility increases					
	unemployed	,						
	great extent market can offer is							
a)	supply	b)	demand					
c)	demand curve	d)	elasticity					
6. Co	nsider the following statements and iden	tify the r	right ones:					
[i] W	hile calculating GDP, income generated	by foreig	gners in a country is taken into					
consid	deration							
[ii] W	Thile calculating GDP, income generated	by natio	onals of a country outside the country is					
taken	into account	·						
	only [i]	b)	only [ii]					
*	both [i] and [ii]	ŕ	•					
• ,	[-] []	d)	none					

- 7. Which of the following people would be considered unemployed?
 - a) A full-time college student.

- b) b) A recent high school graduate looking for a first job.
- c) A retired school teaching collecting social security benefits.
- d) A homemaker contributing 15 hours per week as a volunteer worker in a hospital.

- 8. It is added to GDP to get GNP
 - a) Depreciation allowance

b) Direct taxes

c) Subsidies

- d) Net income from abroad
- 9. Unemployment caused by a recession is called:
 - a) Frictional unemployment.
- b) Cyclical unemployment.

c) Natural unemployment

d) Structural unemployment

	10. GN	IP is always:				
	a)	Less than NNP	b)	Greater than NNP		
	c)	Equal to NNP	d)	Any of (a), (b), (c)		
	11. If v	ve compare GDP and GNP, then:				
	a)	GNP = GDP - net income from abroad	b)	GNP = NNP - net income from abroad		
	c)	GNP = GDP + net income from	d)	GNP = NNP + net income from		
		abroad		abroad		
	12.Stru	ictural unemployment often occurs when:				
	a)	The economy enters a recession	b)	People first enter the labor force		
	c)	People are discriminated against	d)	People lose a job because their skills are no longer needed		
	13. Wh	nich of the following is not macroeconomic	s:			
	a)	Inflation	b)	Unemployment		
	c)	Level of wages in garment industry	d)	The level of output in the economy		
	14. Wh	nen national income is estimated by expendi				
		All govt. expenditure		All household expenditure		
		All expenditure of the business sector		All of the above		
		orkers at a steel plant are laid off because th	e eco	nomy is weak and the demand for		
		ts requiring steel has fallen. What type of u		•		
	situatio			•		
	a)	Frictional unemployment.	b)	Cyclical unemployment.		
	c)	Natural unemployment	d)	Structural unemployment		
0.2	A) Ans	swer the following (Each of three mark)	,		(15)	
~	1. What is GDP? Explain types of GDP.					
		Explain Surplus and Shortage with graph.				
	 Explain surplus and shortage with graph. Explain inflation, deflation, hyperinflation and stagflation. 					
		What is unemployment? Explain types of u		9		
		What are the factors that affect national incompared to the second control of the second	_	-		
0.3	3. What are the factors that affect national meome? 3. A) Was the Keynesian theory a solution to the Great Depression? Justify your answer.					
V. C	OR					
	Explain GDP, GNP, NNP and NNP at factor cost.					
	B) Difference between Classical theory and Keynesian theory.					
	,	• •			(07)	
	D.cc	OI			(O=)	
0.4		ence between Micro and Macro Economics			(07) (07)	
Q.4	•					
		ing, indicate the possible effects on demand	i, sup	ply, or both as well as equilibrium price		
	-	antity of chocolate ice cream:				
	a)	A severe drought in the Midwest causes da	•			
		producing cattle in their herds by a third.	These	dairy farmers supply cream that is used		
	• .	to manufacture chocolate ice cream.				
	b) A new report by the American Medical Association reveals that chocolate does, in fa					
		have significant health benefits.	C.			
	c)	The discovery of cheaper synthetic vanilla cream.	tlavo	oring lowers the price of vanilla ice		
	A)	New technology for mixing and freezing is	ce cra	eam lowers manufacturers' costs of		
	u)	nroducing chocolate ice cream		omi 10 wors manufacturors costs of		

B) Answer the following (Any 4 each of two mark)

(08)

- 1. What are the main goals of Economist?
- 2. How to measure the rate of inflation?
- 3. Who are discouraged workers and underemployed workers?
- 4. Which one is a better measure nominal GDP or real GDP? Why?
- 5. What is NAI done for?
- 6. What is NI?