Seat No:	Enrollment No:

PARUL UNIVERSITY

FACULTY OF LAW

I-B.A. LLB. Summer 2017-18 Examination

Semester: 3	Date: 02/06/2018	
Subject Code: 15106231	Time: 10.30 am to 1.00 pm	
Subject Name: Social Problems in India	Total Marks: 60	
Instructions:		
1. All questions are compulsory.		
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.		
3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.		
4. Start new question on new page.		

Q.1 Do as directed. (1 marks each. All Compulsory)

(15)

(MCO)

- .1. The belief that a particular social condition is harmful to society or to a segment of society and can be changed is a
 - A. Social problem
 - B. Corruption
 - C. Crime
 - D. Racism
- 2. Sociological Perspectives tend to focus on the question of which two levels
 - A. Macro and Micro theory
 - B. Social theory
 - C. Conflict Theory
 - D. Structural functional
- 3. Deviance that everyone engages in occasionally it is rationalized that is called as
 - A. Secondary Deviation
 - B. Tertiary Deviation
 - C. No Deviation
 - D. Primary Deviation
- 4. Awareness of Social Problems is______.
 - A. Our own experience
 - B. Our Attitude
 - C. Belief Attitude
 - D. Nature
- 5. ______ is growing in importance as people all over the world embrace their cultural
 - A. Ethnicity
 - B. Languages
 - C. Economics
 - D. Politics
- 6. Gender is _____ defined term to differentiate maleness and femaleness.
 - A. Socio-culturally
 - B. Economically
 - C. Politically
 - D. Socially
- 7. ____ came from feet
 - A. Brahmin
 - B. Kshtriyas
 - C. Vaishayas
 - D. Shudras
- 8. Who gave the term Harijan to Scheduled Castes
 - A. Ambedkar
 - B. M.K Gandhi
 - C. Lal bahadur Shastri
 - D. Jawaharlal Nehru

	9. Communalism arises among the society when a particular group tries to promote its	
	own interest at the expense of the others	
	A. Religious	
	B. Social	
	C. Sadism	
	D. Political	
	10 is the term used to describe the complex system of social divisions that pervades the	
	life in India	
	A. Belief	
	B. Caste	
	C. Religion	
	D. Kinship	
	11. Youth associates with different types of people otherwise known as friends.	
	A. Peer pressure	
	B. Family pressure	
	C. School pressure	
	D. Job pressure	
	12. Caste is a social system.	
	A. Rigid	
	B. Orthodox	
	C. Conservative	
	D. Superstitious	
	13 Anis an established and enduring pattern of social relationships.	
	A. Institution	
	B. Belief systems	
	C. Knowledge	
	D. Political system	
	14. Devadasis in India were offered sexually to	
	A. upper caste patrons.	
	B. Tribals	
	C. Bhils	
	D. Garus	
	15. Labelling theorists argue that social problems are conditions under which certainor	
	situations become defined as social problems	
	A. Behaviours C. Morals	
	B. Attitudes D. Culture	
Q.2	A) Write short notes on (Each of three mark)	(15)
	1. Social Problem	
	2.labelling	
	3 Prostitution and AIDS	
	4.Drug addiction and drug abuse	
	5. Female foeticide and infanticide	
Q.3	A) Write an essay on inequality of caste or caste system in India	(08)
	OR	
	A) Discuss class Gender and Ethnicity with illustrations	(08)
	B) Discuss the importance of the study of social problems	(07)
	OR	
	B) Write an essay on suicide and why, suicide is a social problem.	(07)
0.4	A) Define domestic violence and discuss its various types, causes and consequences. With suitable	(07)
~··	examples.	(07)
	B) Answer the following (Each of two mark)	(08)
	1.Crime and juvenile delinquency	(00)
	2.Divorce	
	3.Dowry	
	4. Communalism	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	