

Seat No: _____

Enrollment No: _____

PARUL UNIVERSITY
FACULTY OF ARTS
B.A.L.L.B., Winter 2019-20 Examination

Semester: 1

Subject Code: 17301101

Subject Name: Essential of Sociology

Date: 29/11/2019

Time: 10:30am to 1:00pm

Total Marks: 60

Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
4. Start new question on new page.

Q.1 Do as directed.

(15)

A. Multiple choice type questions. (Each of 1 mark)

1. Sociology is the scientific study of _____
A. Institutions
B. society
C. culture
D. interaction
2. _____ father of sociology.
A. Emile Durkhiem
B. Auguste Comte
C. Herbert Spencer
D. Karl Marx
3. The study of social features of _____ and the ways that humans interact and change
A. Humans
B. Attitude
C. Cultural
D. Scientific
4. Herbert Spencer studied _____ change in society.
A. Behavioural
B. Attitudinal
C. Institutional
D. Evolutionary
5. _____ is the study of Karl Marx
A. Attitude change
B. Cultural change
C. Dialectic change
D. Situational change
6. Auguste Comte became interested in twin problem of _____ & _____.
A. social order and social change
B. People and society
C. truth and lie
D. facts and figures
7. Anomie is the study of _____
A. Max weber
B. Karl marx
C. Emile Durkhiem
D. Auguste Comte
8. _____ is a position that is neither earned nor chosen but assigned.
A. Barbarism status
B. Civilized status
C. Achieved status
D. Ascribed status
9. _____ believed that the human history is class conflict.
A. Auguste Comte
B. Herbert Spencer
C. Karl Marx
D. Sigmund Frued
10. A _____ is an important human organization in a culture group that helps a society to survive
A. Social institutions
B. Interaction
C. norms
D. values
11. Socialization continues throughout our
A. Lives
B. Death
C. Naming ceremony
d. school
12. Agricultural and industrial activities, as well as during combustion of solid waste and fossil fuels.
A. Nitrous oxide
B. Carbon dioxide
C. methane
D. coal
13. Includes relationships through blood and through marriage.
Functions:
 - Provides continuity between generations.
 - Defines a group on whom a person can rely for aid.

- A. Kinship
B. Family
- C. caste
D. religion
13. Descent is traced through male lineage. Inheritance moves from father to son, as does succession to office.
A. Patrilineage
B. Matrilineage
C. Matrilocal
D. neolocal
14. _____ evolve from the interaction of person with others, and a person's belief or behavior becomes part of the culture when it is externalized and objectified.
A. Culture
B. Behaviour
C. Attitude
D. change
- 15 father is an _____
A. Ascribed status
B. Status
C. Achieved status
D. Master status

B. Terms/ Short notes/ Case study/ Charts/ Graphs/ Tables, etc. (Each of 01 mark) (15)

1. Secondary groups
2. community
3. Achieved status
4. Sociology
5. Role conflict and role strain

Q.3 Answer the following.

- A. Discuss the importance of marriage as institution with examples (08)

OR

- A. Describe and discuss family and kinship in details (08)

- B. Write a note on Maslow's theory on humanistic orientation to sociological study. (07)

OR

- B. Write a note on group (07)

Q.4 Answer the following

- A. Write an essay on culture and society (07)

OR

- B Answer the following (08)**

1. Discuss with suitable examples, socialization and its various agencies
2. Write an essay on global warming.
3. Discuss , how human activities are responsible for environmental degradation
4. Discuss various social institutions in India with suitable examples.