

**PARUL UNIVERSITY**  
**FACULTY OF LAW**

**B.A.-LL.B/B.Com.-LL.B/BBA-LL.B, Winter 2018–19 Examination**

**Semester : 1****Date: 28/11/2018****Subject Code: 17300103****Time: 10:30am to 1:00pm****Subject Name: Legal Method & Research****Total Marks: 60****Instructions:**

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
4. Start new question on new page.

**Q.1 Do as directed.****(15)**

(MCQ, True or False, Definitions, Explain terms) (1 marks each. All Compulsory)

1. The fair and \_\_\_\_\_ distribution of rights and obligations is known as justice.  
[a] equal [b] equitable  
[c] natural [d] political
2. The term person is derived from Latin term persona which means \_\_\_\_\_.  
[a] Human being [b] Living thing  
[c] Animals [d] Mask
3. The physical force of the state behind law is called as \_\_\_\_\_.  
[a] Governance [b] Army  
[c] Public order [d] Sanction
4. Codification is a process of transformation of *corpus juris* into:  
[a] Precedent [b] Executed Law  
[c] Enacted Law [d] None of these
5. Obiter dicta means saying \_\_\_\_\_.  
[a] of the Court [b] by the way  
[c] rationally [d] wrongly
6. Court deals with:  
[a] Question of law [b] Question of fact  
[c] Mixed factor of question of law and fact [d] All these
7. Title means certain facts or events by reason of which the right has become vested in its owner.  
[a] True [b] False
8. A phenomenon which is arising out or is established in facts, is called *de facto*.  
[a] True [b] False
9. Human beings are natural persons.  
[a] True [b] False
10. What is citation?

11. Define : Legal Preposition.
12. Who is *Nyayadhikari* under Gram Nyayalaya Act?
13. What is substantive law?
14. What are the different types of legal system in the world?
15. What is plea bargaining?

**Q.2 A) Write short notes on. (Each of three mark) (15)**

1. Custom as source of law
2. Tribunal system in India
3. Difference between doctrinal and empirical research
4. Ubi jus ibi remedium
5. Rule of Law

**Q.3 A) Discuss the hierarchy of the judicial court in India. (08)**

**OR**

**A) Discuss the provisions of *Gramnyayalaya*.**

**B) What is the concept of law? Discuss the importance and essentiality of the law. (07)**

**OR**

**B) Explain the case law technique with its importance.**

**Q.4 A) What is legal research? Discuss its types and importance in the profession. (07)**

**B) Write short notes on. (Any Four) (Each of two mark) (08)**

1. Delegated legislation
2. Difference between Court and Tribunal
3. Audi alterum partem
4. Alternate Dispute Resolution
5. Precedent as source of Law
6. Rule based legal reasoning