

**PARUL UNIVERSITY**  
**FACULTY OF LAW**  
**I-B.A.LL.B, Winter 2017 – 18 Examination**

Semester: 1

Subject Code: 15106103

Subject Name: Sociology: An Introduction

Date: 12/12/2017

Time: 10:30 am to 1:00 pm

Total Marks: 60

**Instructions:**

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
4. Start new question on new page.

**Q.1 Do as directed.****A. Multiple choice type questions. (Each of 0.5 mark)****(08)**

1. Sociology is the scientific study of \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Institutions  
 B. society  
 C. culture  
 D. interaction
2. \_\_\_\_\_ father of sociology.  
 A. Emile Durkhiem  
 B. Auguste Comte  
 C. Herbert Spencer  
 D. Karl Marx
3. The study of social features of \_\_\_\_\_ and the ways that humans interact and change  
 A. Humans  
 B. Attitude  
 C. Cultural  
 D. Scientific
4. Herbert Spencer studied \_\_\_\_\_ change in society.  
 A. Behavioural  
 B. Attitudinal  
 C. Institutional  
 D. Eventual
5. \_\_\_\_\_ is the study of Karl Marx  
 A. Attitude change  
 B. Cultural change  
 C. Dialectic change  
 D. Situational change
6. Auguste Comte became interested in twin problem of \_\_\_\_\_ & \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. social order and social change  
 B. People and society  
 C. truth and lie  
 D. facts and figures
7. Anomie is the study of \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Max weber  
 B. Karl marx  
 C. Emile Durkhiem  
 D. Auguste Comte
8. \_\_\_\_\_ is a position that is neither earned nor chosen but assigned.  
 A. Barbarism status  
 B. Civilized status  
 C. Achieved status  
 D. Ascribed status
9. \_\_\_\_\_ believed that the human history is class conflict.  
 A. Auguste Comte  
 B. Herbert Spencer  
 C. Karl Marx  
 D. Sigmund Frued
10. A \_\_\_\_\_ is an important human organization in a culture group that helps a society to survive  
 A. Social institutions  
 B. Interaction  
 C. norms  
 D. values
11. Socialization continues throughout our  
 A. Lives  
 B. Death  
 C. Naming ceremony  
 d. school
12. Agricultural and industrial activities, as well as during combustion of solid waste and fossil fuels.  
 A. Nitrous oxiden  
 B. Carbon dioxide  
 C. methane  
 D. Coal
13. Includes relationships through blood and through marriage.  
 Functions:
  - Provides continuity between generations.
  - Defines a group on whom a person can rely for aid.
 A. Kinship  
 B. Family  
 C. caste  
 D. religion

14. \_\_\_\_\_ evolve from the interaction of person with others, and a person's belief or behavior becomes part of the culture when it is externalized and objectified.

- A. Culture  
B. Behaviour  
C. Attitude  
D. change

15. Father is an \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Ascribed status  
B. Status  
C. Achieved status  
D. Master status

16. A group of people related by either blood, marriage, or adoption

- a social institution that unites individuals into cooperative groups that care for one another, including any children
- people with or without legal or blood ties who feel they belong together

- A. Family  
B. Status  
C. Marriage  
D. Caste

**B. Short notes. (Each of 01 mark)**

**(07)**

1. Secondary groups
2. community
3. Achieved status
4. Sociology
5. Role conflict and role strain
6. Ascribed status
7. Master status

**Q.2 Answer the following.**

- A. Discuss reference groups.  
B. Briefly answer importance of social institution.  
C. Discuss briefly status and role.

**(04)**

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**OR**

- C. Write a note on Maslow's theory on humanistic orientation to sociological study.

**(04)**

**Q.3 Answer the following.**

- A. Discuss the importance of marriage as institution with examples.  
B. Describe and discuss family and kinship in details.  
C. Write a note on community.

**(05)**

**(05)**

**(05)**

**OR**

- C. Write a note on group.

**(05)**

**Q.4 Answer the following.**

- A. Write an essay on culture and society.  
B. Discuss with suitable examples, socialization and its various agencies.  
C. Write an essay on global warming.

**(06)**

**(06)**

**(06)**

**OR**

- C. Discuss, how human activities are responsible for environmental degradation.

**(06)**