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## Instructions

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
4. Start new question on new page.

## Q. 1 Do as Directed.

## A). Multiple choice type questions/Fill in the blanks. (Each of 1 mark)

1. Comparative statement is called -
a) Horizontal analysis
b) Vertical Analysis
c) Ratio Analysis
d) Cross Functional Analysis
2. Which of the following item/s is not a cash inflow?
a) Borrowing Any liability
b) Sale of assets
c) Earning profit
d) Repayment of loan/borrowing
3. Which one is not part of constituents of value added statement
a) Value per employee
b) Interest and dividend to value added
c) Ratio of Retain Earning
d) Value Added service
4. XBRL India is formed as one of the following:
a) Govt Corporation
b) Registered Company
c) Trust
d) Partnership Firm
5. The auditors report of a company is prepared by one of the following:
a) Statutory Auditor
b) Audit Committee
c) Internal Auditor
d) Financial Advisor

## B). Define the following. (Each of $\mathbf{1}$ mark)

1. Financial Statement
2. Segment Reporting
3. Fund Flow Statement
4. Value Added
5. Annual Report
C). Direct questions. (Each of $\mathbf{1}$ mark)
6. What is interim reporting?
7. What you mean by Corporate Governance?
8. What is the motive behind Creative Accounting?
9. State the formula of "EPS"
10. Which item is taken as base for preparing common size balance sheet?

## Q. 2 Attempt the following question

A). From the given income statement prepare common size statement

| Particulars | 2016 (Rs.) <br> (In Lakhs) | 2018 (Rs.) <br> (In Lakhs) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Sales | 685 | 721 |
| $(-)$ Cost of Goods sold | 419 | 463 |
| Gross Profit | $\mathbf{2 6 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 5 6}$ |
| $(-)$ Operating expenses | 47 | 46 |
| Administrative Expenses | 94 | 91 |
| Total Operating Expenses | $\underline{141}$ | $\underline{137}$ |
| Operating Profit | $\mathbf{1 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 1}$ |
| $(+)$ Other income : Interest | 22 | 25 |
| $(-)$ Interest paid | 22 | 22 |
| =Profit before tax | $\mathbf{1 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 4}$ |
| (-) Income Tax | 63 | 62 |
| Profit After Tax | $\mathbf{6 2}$ | $\mathbf{6 2}$ |

B). The followings are the condensed balance sheet of Q. Ltd as on 31-March:

| Liabilities | $\begin{gathered} \text { 31-03- } \\ 2017 \\ \text { Rs. } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 31-03- } \\ 2018 \\ \text { Rs. } \end{gathered}$ | Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { 31-03- } \\ 2017 \\ \text { Rs. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 31-03- } \\ 2018 \\ \text { Rs. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Equity share capital (Rs. 10 Each) | 50000 | 75000 | Fixed Assets | 65000 | 111500 |
| General Reserve | 30000 | 10000 | Investment | 7500 | 6000 |
| Profit \& Loss | 5000 | 6000 | Stock | 5000 | 7500 |
| 10\% Debenture |  | 25000 | Sundry Debtors | 27500 | 17500 |
| Sundry Creditors | 22500 | 25500 | Cash and Bank | 6000 | 4500 |
| Provision for Tax | 7500 | 8500 | Preliminary expenses | 4000 | 3000 |
| Total | 115000 | 150000 | Total | 115000 | 150000 |

Additional Information
1 On 1-4-2017 bonus share issued at 1 share for every two equity share held by capitalising General reserve
2 Income tax Rs. 7000 paid during the year 2017-18
3 Interim Dividend of Rs. 4500 was paid during the year
4 Depreciation of Rs. 2500 was provided on fixed assets
5 Investment costing Rs. 2500 was sold at a profit of Rs. 500
From the above information Prepare cash flow statement.

## Q. 3 Attempt the following question

A). Write short notes on Segment Reporting and Directors' Reports
B). The following balances in the accounts of company for the year end 2017-18

| Particulars | Rs. | particulars | Rs. |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Turnover | 307500 | Cash at Bank | 2450 |
| Plant and Machinery | 27000 | Printing and Stationary | 550 |
| Loss on sale of machinery | 1875 | Audit fee | 700 |
| Depreciation on P\&M | 5000 | Retained profit 31-3-2017 | 24850 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Dividend paid | 3650 | Retained profit 31-3-2018 | 7200 |
| Debtor | 4875 | Other expenses | 4125 |
| Creditors | 3175 | Rent rate and Taxes | 2125 |
| Opening sock | 4000 | Share capital | 37500 |
| Closing stock | 5000 | Interest on borrowing | 1000 |
| Raw material purchase | 265625 | Income tax paid | 6900 |
| PF Contribution | 700 | Wages and Salaries | 8175 |
|  |  | Employee state insurance | 875 |
|  |  |  |  |

Prepare a value-added statement of the company for the year 2017-18

## Q. 4 Attempt any two questions. (Each of 7.5 mark)

1. From the following statements of X ltd for the year ending 2015, you are requiting to calculate the following ratio and state significant of each such ratio (Consider Company works for 360 days in year): 1) Current Ratio, 2) Liquid Ratio, 3) Operating Ratio, 4) Stock turnover ratio, 5) Debtors' Ratio and 6) Debtors turnover ratio

| Balance sheet as on 31-12-2015 |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Liabilities | Rs. | Assets | Rs. |
| Share Capital |  | Land and Buildings | 50,000 |
| Issued and Paid up: 50,000 |  | Plant and Machinery | 20,000 |
| equity share of Rs 1 Each | 50,000 | Stock | 15,000 |
| General Reserve | 40,000 | Debtors | 25,000 |
| Profit and loss A/c | 15,000 | Cash | 15,000 |
| Sundry Creditors | 20,000 |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{1 , 2 5 , 0 0 0}$ |  | Total |


| Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 31-12-2015 |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Particulars | Debit Rs. | Particulars | Credit Rs. |
| To Opening Stock | 25,000 | By Sales | $1,80,000$ |
| To Purchases | $1,05,000$ | By Closing stock | 15,000 |
| To Gross Profit | 65,000 |  |  |
|  | Total | $\mathbf{1 , 9 5 , 0 0 0}$ |  |
| To Advertisement | 23,000 | By Gross Profit | Total |
| To Selling expenses | 10,000 | By Profit of Sale of | 65,000 |
| To Financial charges | 2,000 | Fixed Assets | 5,000 |
| Net Profit | 35,000 |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{7 0 , 0 0 0}$ |  | Total |

2. How does cash flow statement differ from fund flow statement?
3. What is Corporate reporting practice? Explain window dressing in corporate financial reporting?
4. State the methods of analysis of financial statement and briefly explain any two of them.
