Seat No:	Enrollment No:

## PARUL UNIVERSITY

**FACULTY OF PHYSIOTHERAPY** MPT, Regular Examination (October – 2017) Year: 2 Date: 04/10/2017 **Subject Code: 07205201** Time: 10:00 am to 01:00 pm **Subject Name: Physiotherapy in Sports Total Marks: 70 Instructions:** 1. All questions are mandatory. 2. Figures to the right indicate full marks. 3. Draw Diagram wherever necessary. 4. Write section - A, section - B on separate answer sheets. **SECTION - A** Q.1 Classify the various types of sports injuries. Write in details about various causes of sports injuries. (15)Add a note on extrinsic and intrinsic risk factors for sports injuries. Physiotherapy assessment and management for post-operative surgical repair of anterior cruciate 0.2 (15)ligament for the football player. **SECTION-B** Q.1 Short Notes Explain about Biomechanics of Throwing. (10)Write in details about any four physical tests used to assess agility in sports. (10)0.2 **Multiple Choice Questions. (1 Mark Each)** (20)(1) Best diagnostic procedure for anterior cruciate ligament injury is Lachman Teat a. Pivot Shift Test Anterior Drawer Test Mc Murray's Teat d. (2) Ruptured tendon is most commonly seen in Stab Injury a. Soft Tissue Tumor b. Overuse Injury c. d. Congenital Defect Most common mechanism of meniscal injury is (3) Flexion of Knee a. Extension of Knee b. Flexion with Rotation of Knee Extension with Rotation of Knee Most common ligament injured at ankle joint is (4) Anterior Talofibular Ligament a. b. **Deltoid Ligament** Spring Ligament Posterior Talofibular Ligament Normal value of 1 Metabolic Equivalent of Task (MET) is (5) 4.5 ml O2·kg-1·min-1 a. 3.5 ml O2·kg-1·min-1 b. 2.5 ml O2·kg-1·min-1 c. 0.5 ml O2·kg-1·min-1 d.

a. One month before

When the pre participation physical assessment conducted ideally?

b. 15 days before

(6)

- c. One week before
- d. Six Months Before

(7)	According to body mass index (BMI), which of the following athlete are considered obese?
a.	Body Builder with BMI 32.9
b.	Shot Putter with BMI 28.0
c.	Basketball Player with BMI 25.0
d.	Power Lifter with BMI 29.4
(8)	The level of strength can be determined by using following devices except
a.	Cable tensiometer
b.	Cybex Isokinetic Dynamometer
c.	Nautilus Machine
d.	Dynamometer
(9)	The highest duration of training should be performed during which of the following sports
	session?
a.	Post Session
b.	Pre Session
c.	In Session
d.	Off Session
(10)	Following are the extrinsic risk factors in sports injuries except
a.	By Equipments
b.	By Environmental Conditions
c.	By type of sporting Activity
d.	By Physical Characteristics of an athlete
(11)	Prevent injury you should always
a.	Warm up properly
b.	Have appropriate fitness levels before playing
c.	Wear the appropriate protective equipment
d.	All of the above
(12)	Elevation helps reduce injury by
a.	Helping to support the weight of the limb
b.	Allowing white blood cells to be released to fight infection
c.	Reducing blood flow to the area
d.	Increasing blood flow to the area
(13)	A of sprain represents some stretched fibers but clinical testing reveals normal range of motion on
	stressing the ligament.
a.	Grade I
b.	Grade II
c.	Grade III
d.	None of the Above
(14)	The anterior cruciate ligament (ACL) is an important internal stabilizer of the knee joint, restraining movement at knee joint.
a.	Flexion
b.	Extension
c.	Rotation
d.	None of the Above
(15)	From following which is not an intrinsic factor for sports injuries.
a.	Training errors
b.	Pes planus
c.	Genu valgum
d.	Leg length discripancy
(16)	A is an injury of the anterior (inferior) glenoid labrum of the shoulder due to anterior shoulder
	dislocation.
a.	Bankart's lesion
b.	Hill-Sach's lesion
c.	Bicipital Tendinitis
d.	Supraspinatus Tendinitis

- (17) Unhappy triad consist of:
  - a. ACL/PCL/Med. Meniscus
  - b. ACL/PACl/Med. Coll. Lig
  - c. ACL/Med. Meniscus/Med. Coll. Lig
  - d. ACL/PCL/Lat. Coll. Lig
- (18) The ability to effectively integrate the moments of the body parts is
  - a. Agility
  - b. Balance
  - c. Co-cordination
  - d. Speed
- (19) Most Common Cause of Heamarthrosis at knee joint:
  - a. Hemophilia
  - b. ACL Tear
  - c. PCL Tear
  - d. Lat. Meniscus Tear
- (20) House maid's knee is a synonym for
  - a. Pre patellar bursitis
  - b. Supra patellar bursitis
  - c. Infra patellar bursitis
  - d. Patellar tendinitis