Seat No:
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## PARUL UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF MANAGEMENT BBA Winter 2019 - 20 Examination

BBA Winter 2019 - 20	Examination
Semester:3 Subject Code: 06191206 Subject Name: Business Statistics - I	Date:16/12/2019 Time:02:00 pm 04:30 pm Total Marks: 60
<ul><li>Instructions</li><li>1. All questions are compulsory.</li><li>2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.</li><li>3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.</li><li>4. Start new question on new page.</li></ul>	
Q.1 Do as Directed.	
A).Multiple choice type questions/Fill in the blanks. (E	ach of 1 mark) (05)
<b>1.</b> If two variables are linearly independent then the corr	elation coefficient is
<b>a</b> ) 0.5 <b>c</b> ) -1	
<b>b</b> ) 0 <b>d</b> ) +1	
<b>2.</b> Total probability of happening an event and not happe	ning an event is
<b>a</b> ) 0 <b>c</b> ) 1	
<b>b</b> ) -1 <b>d</b> ) 1/2	
<b>3.</b> The mean and variance of Binomial Distribution is	
	nq and mq
<b>b</b> ) 1 and 0 <b>d</b> ) p a	1
4. The correlation coefficient lies between and	
a) -1 and 1 c) 0 a   b) -2 and 2 d) -1	and 1
5. One of the regression coefficient of two perfectly correctly co	elated variables is 0.5, hence the other
<b>a)</b> $0.5$ <b>c)</b> $1$	
<b>b</b> ) -1 <b>d</b> ) 2	(05)
<ul><li>B).Define the following. (Each of 1 mark)</li><li>1. Mutually exclusive events</li></ul>	(05)
2. Random Variable	
<b>3.</b> Probability Mass Function,	
4. Correlation	
5. Sample space	
C).Direct questions. (Each of 1 mark)	(05)
1. Find the value of $E(3x+2)$ where $E(x) = 0.5$ ?	
<b>2.</b> A and B are two independent events and $P(A) = \frac{1}{2}$ ,	$P(B) = \frac{1}{5} \text{ find } P(A \cup B) ?$
<b>3.</b> $\overline{X}$ and <i>R</i> charts are based on which distribution.	
<b>4.</b> Write difference between correlation and Regression?	
5. Explain Conditional probability	
Q.2 Answer the following questions.	
A).1). A group consists of seven men and some won	nen. The probability of selecting two (03)
women from them is $\frac{1}{15}$ . Find the number of wo	men in the group.

2). A person tosses 3 coins simultaneously. He gets Rs. 8 if 3 heads appear, Rs. 4 if 2 heads appear and Rs. 2 if one head appears. What penalty should be charged if no head (04) appears in order that game is fair?

**B**). 1) The Probability distribution of a random variable *x* is as follows

X <sub>i</sub>	-1	0	1	2	3	4
$P(x_i)$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$

Find the mean and variance of x

2) If *A*, *B* and *C* are three mutually exclusive and exhaustive events and if 3P(A) = 2P(B) = 6P(C), find  $P(A \cup B)$ 

Q.3 Answer the following questions.

- A).1) A bag contains 30 balls numbered 1 to 30. One ball is drawn at random. Find the probability (03) that the number of the ball drawn will be a multiple of (i) 5 or 7 and (ii) 3 or 7
  - 2) For a Binomial distribution n=5 and P(x = 1) = P(x = 2), find P(x = 3). (04)
- B). 1) There are 100 misprints in a book of 100 pages. If a page is selected at random, find the probabilities that (i) there will be no misprint in the page (ii) there will be 1 misprint (04) (iii) there will be at the most 2 misprints.
  - 2) There are 10 electric bulbs in a box in which 3 are defective bulbs. If 3 bulbs are (04) selected at random from the box, find the expected number of defective bulbs

Q.4 Attempt any three questions. (Each of 5 mark)

1. Find the Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation from the following data:

X	100	101	102	102	100	99	97	98	96	95
Y	98	9	99	97	95	92	95	94	90	91

**2.** Find the equations of regression line *Y* on *X* from the following data. Also find *Y* when X = 45.

										33
Y	30	34	31	34	30	26	28	31	26	31

**3.** The following table gives the information regarding life hours of 5 fluorescent lamps of 10 different samples. Draw  $\overline{X}$  and R charts and state your conclusions. Also give the revised limits for the control of the future production.

Sample	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
number										
$\overline{X}$	3290	3180	3350	3370	3280	3240	3260	3410	3310	3510
R	360	210	50	100	50	400	500	200	300	600
ED	$[E_{\text{org}}, 5, \Lambda, 0.59, D, 0, D, 2.11]$									

[For n=5, A<sub>2</sub>=0.58, D<sub>3</sub>=0, D<sub>4</sub>=2.11]

**4.** Assume that a factory has two machines. Past records show that machine A produces 305 of the items of output and machine B produces 705 of the items. Further, 5% of the items produced by machine A were defective and only 1% produced by machine B were defective. If a defective item is drawn at random, what is the probability that the defective item was produced by machine A or machine B?

(04)

(15)

(04)