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Semester: 1
Subject Code: 05191101/ 05391101
Date: 03/01/2018
Subject Name: Basic Mathematics

Time: 10:30 am to 1:00 pm
Marks: 60

Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
4. Start new question on new page.

## Q. 1 Answer the following.

(a) Short Questions 1 mark of each.

1) Let $\mathrm{A}=(\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}, \mathrm{d}, \mathrm{e}, \mathrm{f}\}$. Insert the appropriate symbol $\in$ or $\notin$ in the blank space.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ A
2) Write the following set in the roster/tabular form.
$A=\{x: x \in N, x \leq 5\}$
3) Identify following set is finite or infinite.

A $=\{x: x$ is English Alphabet $\}$
4) What is the $10^{\text {th }}$ term of following G.P.?
$1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{8}$.
5) In how many ways can the letters of the word ADJUST be arranged?
(b) MCQs (10 questions of 1 mark each)

1) Every set is subset of
a) Itself
b) universal set
c) subset
d) empty set
2) In how many ways can 6 men sit at a round table..?
a) 24
b) 120
c) 720
D) none of these
3) ) Distance between the points $(7,8)$ and $(6,-2)$ is $\qquad$
a) $\sqrt{143}$
b) $\sqrt{101}$
c) $\sqrt{99}$
d) None of these
4) $\frac{3 \pi}{4}$ is equal to $\qquad$ degree
a) 145
b) 135
c) 160
d) 360 .
5) If any row or column of a determinant is zero ,then value of determinant is $\qquad$
a) 0
b) 1
c) -1
d) none of these
6) In diagonal matrix, the elements of a principle diagonal is1, called $\qquad$
a) Unit matrix
b) Diagonal matrix
c) Scalar matrix
d) None of these
7) How many lines can be drawn through 21 points on a circle?
a) 220
b) 210
c) 230
d) 441
8) What is the $50^{\text {th }}$ term of A.P?

37,33,29, 25 $\qquad$
a) 233
b) 230
c) 330
d) none of these
9) $60^{\circ}$ is equal to $\qquad$ radian.
a) $\frac{\pi}{3}$
b) $\frac{\pi}{6}$
c) $\frac{\pi}{4} \mathrm{~d}$ ) none of these
10) IF matrix $A$ is of order $2 \times 3$, and matrix $B$ is of order $3 \times 2$, then what is the order Of matrix AB ?
A) $2 \times 2$
b) $3 \times 3$
c) $2 \times 3$
d) $3 \times 2$

## Q. 2 Answer the following. (Any FIVE) (Each of 3 marks)

1) Find the value of following determinants.
2) $\left|\begin{array}{cc}2 x & 4 y \\ x & 3 y\end{array}\right|$
3) $\left|\begin{array}{cc}x & x+1 \\ x+2 & x+3\end{array}\right|$
4) IF $A=\left[\begin{array}{ccc}1 & 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 & 1\end{array}\right]$, then Find $A+3 I$.
5) Let $\mathrm{A}=\{0,1,2,3,4\}, \mathrm{B}=\{2,4,5\}, \mathrm{C}=\{0\}$ and $\mathrm{D}=\emptyset$,

Compute $A \cap B, B \cap C, A \cap C, C \cap D$.
$4) 3^{\text {rd }}$ and $5^{\text {th }}$ term of G.P. is 12 and 48 respectively. Find its second term?
5) Arrange the letter of word AUCTION in such a way that the vowels always occur together. Find the number of ways.
$6)$ Show that the points $(1,4),(3,-2) \&(-3,16)$ are co- linear.

## Q. 3 Attempt any THREE. (Each of 5 marks)

1 Solve the following System of linear equation by Cramer's rule.

$$
\begin{gathered}
2 x+y-z=3 \\
x+y+z=1 \\
x-2 y-3 z=4
\end{gathered}
$$

2 If the distance between the points $(5,7)$ and $(-3, m)$ is 10 , then find value of $m$.
3 If $\mathrm{A}=\left[\begin{array}{ll}9 & 1 \\ 4 & 3\end{array}\right] \quad \mathrm{B}=\left[\begin{array}{cc}1 & 5 \\ 7 & 12\end{array}\right]$ Find the matrix X such that $3 \mathrm{~A}+5 \mathrm{~B}+2 \mathrm{X}=0$
4 Prove the following.
$4\left(\sin ^{4} 30^{\circ}+\cos ^{4} 60^{\circ}\right)-3\left(\cos ^{2} 45^{\circ}-\sin ^{2} 90^{\circ}\right)-2=0$
Q. 4 Answer the following.
(a) 1) Find the equation of line passing through the points $(1,5)$ and $(3,-2)$. Also find the slope of line.
[05] 2) If $A(2,-7)$ and $B(8,3)$ are the given points find the midpoint of line segment $A B$.
(b) Answer the following.
1)Prove that : $\frac{\sin \theta}{1-\cos \theta}=\frac{1+\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}$
2) Find the sum of following series up to 30 terms.

7, $\frac{19}{2}, 12, \frac{29}{2}$ $\qquad$ OR
(b) Answer the following.

1) If $\tan ^{2} 45^{\circ}-\cos ^{2} 60^{\circ}=x \cdot \sin 45^{\circ} \cdot \tan 60^{\circ}$, then find value of $x$.
2) If $4^{\text {th }}$ term and $12^{\text {th }}$ term of an Arithmetic Progression are 19 and 51 respectively. Find 21 term of Arithmetic Progression?
