PARUL UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF IT & COMPUTER SCIENCE BCA/IMCA Winter 2019 – 20 Examination

Semester: 4		Date: 13/12/2019	
Subject	Code: 05101252/05301252	Time: 2:00 pm to 4:30 pm	
Subject	Name: Operating System	Total Marks: 60	
Instruct			
1. All qu	estions are compulsory.		
2. Figure	s to the right indicate full marks.		
3. Make	suitable assumptions wherever necessary.		
4. Start n	ew question on new page.		
0.4			
Q.1 Ar	iswer the followings.		
A. De	fine the following.	(05)	
1.	Multithreading		
2.	Segmentation		
3.	Virtual Memory		
4.I	Demand Paging		
5.	Deadlock.		
B. Se	lect any one answer from the given options. (Each of 01 marks)	(10)	
1.	Which of the following condition is required for deadlock to be possible?		
	a) mutual exclusion		
	b) a process may hold allocated resources while awaiting assignment of o	other resources	
	c) no resource can be forcibly removed from a process holding it		
	d) all of the mentioned		
2.	The LRU algorithm is		
	a) Pages out pages that have been used recently		
	b) Pages out pages that have not been used recently		
	c) Pages out pages that have been least used recently		
	d) Pages out of the first page in given area.		
2	The main function of the commond intermediates		
3.	The main function of the command interpreter is		
	a) to get and execute the next user-specified command b) to provide the interface between the ADI and emploation program		
	a) to bendle the files in operating system		
	d) none of the mentioned		
	d) none of the mentioned		
4	In priority scheduling algorithm, when a process arrives at the ready quer	le its priority is	
т.	compared with the priority of	ie, its priority is	
	a) all process		
	a) all process		
	a) percent process		
	d) init measure		
	d) init process		
5	Page table length register indicates size of		
5.			
	a) Page table		
	b) Paging file		
	c) Main memory		
	u) virtual memory		
£	Which of the following is not the approach to handling deadloals		
0	a) Deadlock prevention		
	a) Deathock prevention b) Deadlock evoidence		
	a) Detact & recover		

d) Virtual memory

	7.	When a thread waits indefinitely for some resource, but other thread are actually using it is called		
		a) Starvation		
		h) Demand naging		
		c) Segmentation		
		d) None		
	8	What is operating system?		
	0.	a) collection of programs that manages hardware resources		
		b) system service provider to the application programs		
		c) link to interface the hardware and application programs		
		d) all of the mentioned		
	9.	What are the requirements for the solution to critical section problem?a) Mutual exclusion		
		b) Progress		
		c) Bounded waiting		
	10	(1) All Which scheduling algorithm allocates the CPU first to the process that requests the CPU first?		
	10.	a) first-come first-served scheduling		
		b) shortest job scheduling		
		c) priority scheduling		
		d) none of the mentioned		
02	Δn	nswer the followings (Any Five)	(15)	
Q.2	1	What is Operating System? Give any two functions of Operating System	(15)	
	2.	What do you mean by virtual memory and physical memory? Explain.		
		Write any two advantages of multiprogramming		
	4. '	Write any two difference between Multitasking and Multiprocessing.		
	5. 1	What is thread? Explain thread structure.		
	6. (Give the functions of following UNIX commands: grep, cat.		
Q.3	An	swer the following. (Any three)	(15)	
-	1. `	What is deadlock? Explain the Banker's algorithm for deadlock avoidance.		
	2.	What are the differences between Real Time System and Timesharing System?		
	3. '	What is Virtual Memory? Explain Demand Paging.		
	4. '	What is RAID? Explain Different RAID levels.		
Q.4	An	iswer the following.		
А.	Wl	hen does a page fault occur? Explain any two page replacement strategies/algorithms.	(05)	
В.	1.	Explain any three file attributes and file operations in brief.	(05)	
	2.]	Explain any two types of operating system.	(05)	
	OR			
	1.]	Explain any two advantages of Multiprocessing or Parallel System.	(05)	
	2. l	Explain any two Disk Scheduling Algorithms with illustration.	(05)	

2. Explain any two Disk Scheduling Algorithms with illustration.