

PARUL UNIVERSITY
FACULTY OF COMMERCE
B.Com. (Hons) Summer 2017 – 18 Examination

Semester: 2
Subject Code: 16100156
Subject Name: Business Statistics-I

Date: 18/05/2018
Time: 10:30 am to 1:00 pm
Total Marks: 60

Instructions:

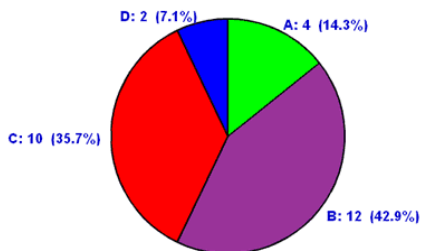
- All questions are compulsory.
- Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- Start new question on new page.

Q.1A) Choose the correct answer.

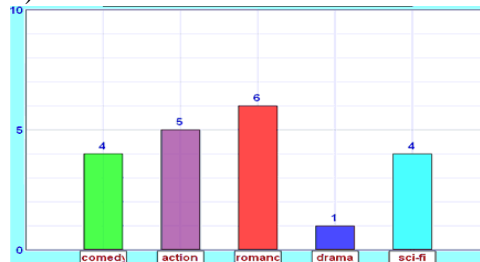
(06)

1. Which of the following is an example of Pi-chart?

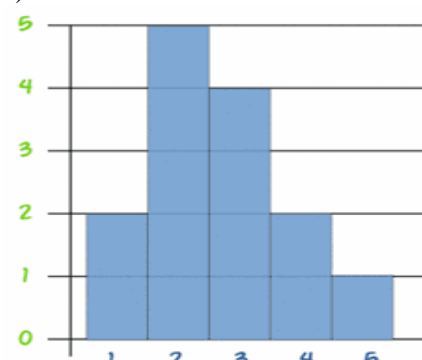
a)



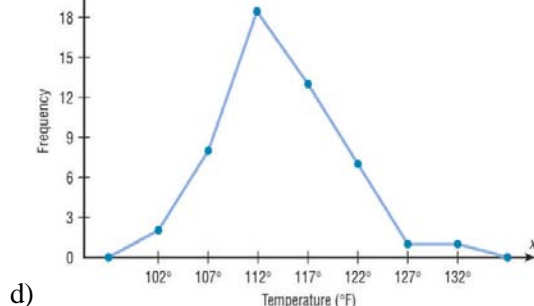
b)



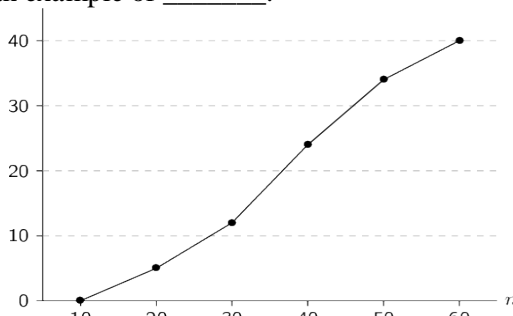
c)



d)



2. The following graph is an example of _____.



- a) ogive b) histogram c) bar diagram d) frequency polygone
- 3.If $p(A) = 0.3 = P(B)$, and if A and B are independent events then $p(A \cup B) =$ _____
- a) 0.3 b) 0.6 c) 0.51 d) 1
4. Find the value of x from the following data, if mode is 3.3
- 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.2, 3.5, 3.3, x, 3.2, 3.3, 3.5, 3.4
- a) 3.1 b) 3.2 c) 3.3 d) 3.4
5. $\bar{x} = 24.6, Z = 26.1$ then $M =$ _____
- a) 25.1 b) 21.6 c) 29.1 d) 26.6
6. Midpoint of the class 30.5 – 36.8 is _____
- a) 6.3 b) 3.15 c) 67.3 d) 33.65

B) Attempt the following.

(06)

- Find the mean of first six natural numbers.
- Find the median of the following data.

x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
f	2	3	5	7	13	20	25	52	33

- Define Independent events.

4. If $p(A) = 0.3, p(A \cap B) = 0.2$ then $p(B|A) =$ _____.

5. Define Primary data.

6. The level of confidence c is the area under the standard normal curve between the critical values 0 and z_c . [True/False]

Q.2 Attempt the following.

(12)

1. Find arithmetic mean of the following data:

Class	0 – 2	2 – 5	5 – 10	10 – 15	15 – 25	25 – 40	40 – 60
Frequency	1	3	5	15	9	5	2

2. If for a Binomial variate, mean is 3 and variance is 2 then find $P(X = 4)$

3. A manager of a company wants to estimate the number of defects per piece of a product. How many subjects are needed to estimate the defects within 4 points with 99% confidence assuming $\sigma = 13.9$?

Suppose the manager would like be 95% confidence, how does the decrease in confidence affect the sample size required?

Q.3 Attempt any three of the following.

(18)

1. Define Statistics. Discuss the five stages of a statistical investigation.

2. Find the mean deviation from median of the following:

Income	0 – 10	10 – 20	20 – 30	30 – 40	40 – 50
No. of workers	10	25	30	20	15

3. In a normal distribution mean $\mu = 21.5$ and s.d. $\sigma = 2.5$. Find the following:

(i) $P(18 \leq X)$ (ii) $P(X \leq 25)$ (iii) $P(18 \leq X \leq 25)$

4. A researcher wishes to estimate, with 99% confidence, the population proportion of adults who are confident with their country's banking system. His estimate must be accurate within 4% of the population proportion.

(a) No preliminary estimate is available. Find the minimum sample size needed.

(b) Find the minimum sample size needed, using a prior study that found that 38% of the respondents said they are confident with their country's banking system.

Q.4 Attempt any two of the following

1 A. In an experiment 100 squares were observed under a microscope. The distribution of red blood cells as seen in these squares is given below. Find standard deviation for the data. (04)

No. of red blood cells	0	1	2	3	4	5
No. of squares	13	28	37	18	3	1

B. Find median of the following data:

Class	10 – 29	30 – 49	50 – 69	70 – 89	90 – 109	110 – 129
Frequency	13	22	48	57	25	5

(05)

2 A. On an average 1.5 percent of electric bulbs are found to be defective in a bulb manufacturing factory. Using Poisson distribution find the probability of 4 defective bulbs in a box of 200 bulbs. $[e^{-3} = 0.04978]$ (04)

B. If $p(A) = \frac{1}{3}, p(B') = \frac{1}{4}, P(A \cap B) = \frac{1}{6}$ then find the following: (05)

(i) $p(B)$ (ii) $p(A \cup B)$ (iii) $p(A' \cup B')$ (iv) $p(A' \cap B')$ (v) $p(A'|B')$

3 A. Construct a confidence interval for μ , using t – distribution. (04)

$$c = 0.99, \bar{x} = 12.4, s = 3, n = 7.$$

B. Consider the following data. (05)

131.3 148.3 155.9 160.2 164.5 168.7 173.2 179.3 183.0 191.7 137.2 149.4
 156.2 160.5 164.6 169.5 173.7 179.6 183.1 191.7 138.2 150.8 156.3 161.5
 165.1 169.6 174.8 180.1 183.5 194.9 142.3 150.8 157.3 162.1 165.2 170.0
 176.7 180.4 186.4 196.0 143.4 152.0 157.4 162.3 165.3 170.4 176.8 180.7
 186.7 198.3 143.9 153.3 157.7 163.2 165.5 171.1 177.0 181.4 188.0 198.8

Obtain a grouped frequency distribution with classes of width 10 one of which is 160-170 along with relative, percentage and cumulative frequencies.