Seat No:\_\_\_\_\_ Enrollment No:\_\_\_\_\_

## PARUL UNIVERSITY

### **FACULTY OF ARTS**

M.A.Winter 2019 – 20 Examination

Semester:2 Date:10/12/2019

Subject Code: 15203155 Time:10:30 am to 01:00 pm

Subject Name: Psychopathology-I Total Marks: 60

#### **Instructions:**

- 1. All questions are compulsory.
- 2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 4. Start new question on new page.

Q.1 Do as directed. (08)

### A. Multiple choice type questions. (Each of 0.5 mark)

**1.Lewy body Disease falls under which type of disorder:** (a)Delirium (c)Dementia

(b)Head injury (d)Epilepsy

2. The statistical view holds that frequently occurring behaviors in a population are normal.

(a)True (c)False

3. Judgment about what is adaptive are sometimes very difficult to make.

(a)true (b)false

4. Sensory or Perceptual experiences that have no real source:

(a)Delusion (c)hallucination (b)illusion (d)all of the above

5. False beliefs that persist despite evidence showing that they are false:

(a)Delusion (c)hallucination (b)illusion (d)all of the above

# 6. The loss of memory of events, individual finding it difficult to recall the circumstances of the head injury:

(a)Post traumatic Amnesia (c)Retrograde amnesia (b)Dementia (d)All of the above

7. Presenting problems are called:

(a) symptoms (c)triggers

(b) suggestions (d) none of the above **8. Head injury patients have trouble completing task because:**(a) Low attention span (c) Fleeting concentration

(b)Amnesia (d)All of the above

# 9.Loss of control over behavior, resulting in socially inappropriate behavior:

(a) Apathy (c) Retrograde amnesia (b) Disinhibition (d) Post traumatic amnesia

## 10. Loss of memory that is characterized by confusion following the injury:

(a)Post traumatic Amnesia (c)Retrograde amnesia (b)Dementia (d)None of the above

**11.Having a single seizure means you have epilepsy:** (a)True (b)False

12.Epilepsy symptoms may include:

(a)temporary confusion (c)Fear, anxiety, déjà vu (b)Loss of consciousness (d)All of the above

## 13. The other names by which delirium is known by:

(a)Encephalitis (c)Sundowning (b)Cerebral Insufficiency (d)All of the above

14.The average age when people have delirium:

(a)60 (c)65 (b)55 (d)50

15. The core features of delirium include altered consciousness, But not altered attention:

(a)True (b)False

16. The average age when people have dementia:	
(a)60 (c)65	
(b)55 (d)50	
B. Terms/ Short notes/ Case study/ Charts/ Graphs/ Tables,	etc. (Each of 01 mark) (07)
1. Define Psychopathology.	
2. Full form of DSM and ICD.	
3. Name two types of dementia.	
4. What do you mean by Neuropsychology?	
5. How do we define abnormality?	
6. What is epilepsy?	
7.What is demetia?	
Q.2 Answer the following.	
A. Write down the Features of Genito-pelvic pain/Penetration di	sorder (04)
B. Discuss in brief about the Cognitive impairment in head injur	ry. ( <b>04</b> )
C. Write down the features: Alcohol use.	(04)
OR	
C. Write the features of inhalant use disorder.	(04)
Q.3 Answer the following.	
<b>A.</b> Write down the diagnostic criteria – conduct disorder.	(05)
<b>B.</b> Write down the features of autism.	(05)
<b>C.</b> Give a brief discussion on Gender dysphoria.	(05)
OR	
C. Write the features for female sexual interest/arousal disorder	r. (05)
Q.4	
A. Diagnostic features of ADHD.	(06)
<b>B.</b> Name the communication disorders and discuss in brief.	(06)
<b>C.</b> Discuss about the learning disability disorders in brief.	(06)
OR	
C. Discuss about the motor disorders in brief.	(06)