Semester: 3

Instructions:

Q.1 A)

Subject Code: 10202204

Subject Name: Research Analysis

2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.

Multiple Choice Questions:

1. All questions are compulsory.

4. Start new question on new page.

PARUL UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF SOCIAL WORK MSW-HRM, Winter 2018-19 Examination

Enrollment No:

Date: 29/10/2018 Time: 10:30 am to 1:00 pm **Total Marks: 60** (10)1 The collection of related fields that represents the responses from one campling unit is called

a) Record c) Data file	b) Field d) Character	
2. There are quartiles dividing the given data into equal parts.		
a) 4 3	b) 3. 4	
c) 25 75	d) 75 25	
3. When the attributes can be rank ordered and the distances do not have meaning, it is		
scale.	h) Ordinal	
c) Interval	d) Ratio	
4. Methods of organizing, summarizing	g and presenting data in an informative way is called	
a) Descriptive statistics	b) Inferential statistics	
5. Which of the following represent the	relationship between mean, median and mode if the	
distribution of data points in a data set is moderately asymmetrical?		
a) Mode = 3 Median $- 2$ Mean	b) Mean = $3 \text{ Mode} - 2 \text{ Median}$	
c) Median = $3 \text{ Mean} - 2 \text{ Mode}$	d) Mode = $3 \text{ Mean} - 2 \text{ Median}$	
6. The ability of a scale or measuring instrument to measure what it is intended to measure is called		
a) Reliability	b) Validity	
c) Generalizability	d) Sensitivity	
7 is the reciproca	al of arithmetic average of the reciprocal of the values of	
its various items.		
a) Geometric Mean	b) Harmonic Mean	
c) Combined Mean	d) Weighted Mean	
8. Which of the following is not the part of data processing?		
a) Data editing	b) Data Coding	
c) Data Classification	d) Data Interpretation	
9. Null Hypothesis gets rejected when the value of test statistic is in the region of acceptance.		
a) True	b) False	
10. A set of data organized by summarized occurs is called	zing the number of times a particular value of a variable	
a) Percentage distribution	b) Probability distribution	
c) Frequency distribution	d) Proportion	
What is data analysis? Why do we analy	vze data?	(05)
Answer in one sentence.		(10)
1. Define Alternative Hypothesis.		
2 What is type Lerror?		

Q.4 B)	what precautions should be taken by the researcher while presenting his research?	(05)		
Q.4 A)	What is measurement? How do you identify and decide the variables to be measured?	(10)		
Q.3 B)	Discuss the factors affecting the decision of determining a sample size.			
Q.3 A)	Describe and discuss various parts of the research report format.	(10)		
OR				
	State the functions of hypothesis.			
Q.3 A)	State and explain the types of hypothesis. What are the criterias for construction of hypothesis?	(10)		
	2. Hypothesis			
	1. Statistics			
Q.2 B)	Define the following terms.			
	10.What is data coding?			
	9. State the sources of hypothesis.			
	8. What is data tabulation?			
	7. Define inferential statistics.			
	6. What is a code book?			
	5. What is one tailed test and two tailed test?			
	4. What is field editing?			
	3. What do you mean by level of significance?			

Q.4 B) What are the common myths of data analysis? (05)