

PARUL UNIVERSITY
FACULTY OF ARTS
B.Arts. Winter 2019 – 20 Examination

Semester: 1

Subject Code: 15102103

Subject Name: Structure of Languages

Date: 19/11/2019

Time: 10.30 am to 1.00 pm

Total Marks: 60

Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
4. Start new question on new page.

Q.1 Do as directed.**(08)****A. Multiple choice type questions. (Each of 0.5 mark)**

1. How many languages are there in the world (approximately).
 (a) 6,500 (c) 5000
 (b) 500 (d) 3000
2. Which of the following birds imitate human language?
 (a) eagle (c) peacock
 (b) sparrow (d) parrot
3. This is known as the scientific study of language.
 (a) linguistics (c) grammar
 (b) genetics (d) lingua franca
4. These are produced by means of no obstruction in mouth or by a narrowing of the air passage.
 (a) diacritics (c) vowels
 (b) consonants (d) alphabets
5. Motel is an example of ?
 (a) Compounding (c) Blending
 (b) Acronym (d) Clipping
6. IPA chart was devised by _____ .
 (a) Charles Dickens (c) Paul Passy
 (b) Charles Hockett (d) Edward Sapir
7. This is a feature that humans have- to talk about the events of past or future.
 (a) Arbitrariness (c) Duality
 (b) Displacement (d) none of these
8. This is an example of bound morpheme.
 (a) prefix (c) suffix
 (b) infix (d) all of these
9. This person is known as the father of modern linguistics.
 (a) Noam Chomsky (c) Ferdinand de Saussure
 (b) George Yule (d) none of these
10. This is situated at the top of the trachea, also known as voice box.
 (a) larynx (c) cartilage
 (b) glottis (d) vocal cords
11. Which of the following is not the example of Acronym?
 (a) HIV (c) NATO
 (b) FIFA (d) AIDS
12. This is the study of linguistic analysis of speech sounds, their production, transmission and reception.
 (a) phonetics (c) phonology
 (b) lexicography (d) both (a) and (c)
13. Who among these proposed the idea of Competence and Performance?
 (a) Noam Chomsky (c) Ferdinand de Saussure
 (b) George Yule (d) none of these
14. . This branch deals with study of brain faculties and language development.
 (a) sociolinguistics (c) psycholinguistics
 (b) neurolinguistics (d) none of these

15. This is defined as word that represents sounds.
 (a) phone (c) phoneme
 (b) allophone (d) none of these
16. Sanskrit, Latin and Greek are known as which language?
 (a) Dead languages (c) Classic languages
 (b) Historical language (d) Both (a) and (c)

B. Answer in brief. (01 mark each)

(07)

1. What is Larynx composed of?
2. Phone is equal to what?
3. What are consonants?
4. Mention any one sign languages of the world.
5. Define pragmatics.
6. IPA chart stands for?
7. When was the IPA chart devised?

Q.2 Answer the following.

- A. Write the branches of linguistics with definition(any 8).
- B. What is grammar?
- C. Define Phonetics and its three types.

(04)

(04)

(04)

OR

- C. Define phonetics and phonology.

(04)

Q.3 Answer the following.

- A. Write about phone, phoneme and allophone.
- B. Describe Competence and Performance.
- C. Write a short note on IPA chart.

(05)

(05)

(05)

OR

- C. Classify the following vowels in terms of the position of lip, part of tongue and the height of tongue.

(05)

Q.4 Answer the following.

- A. What is morphology? Write any five word formation processes.
- B. How is human communication different from animal communication? Mention the features.
- C. Classify the following consonant sounds in terms of place of articulation, manner of articulation and whether voiced/voiceless.
 1. /k/-
 2. /p/-
 3. /n/-

(06)

(06)

(06)

OR

- C. Give the definitions for the following with examples:
 1. Fricative
 2. Plosive
 3. Labiodental

(06)