## PARUL UNIVERSITY

## **FACULTY OF ARTS B.Arts Winter 2019-20 Examination**

Semester: 4 Date: 09/12/2019

**Subject Code: 15105280** Time: 2.00 pm to 4.30 pm

Total Marks: 60 **Subject Name: Personality Psychology** 

## **Instructions:**

- 1.

1. All questions are compulsory.		
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.		
3. Make suitable assumptions wherever nec	essary.	
4. Start new question on new page.		
Q.1 Do as directed.		(08)
A. Multiple choice type questions. (Ea	ach of 0.5 mark)	(00)
1. Who is known as the father of e		
(a)Rollo May	(c)Edward Thorndike	
(b)B.F Skinner	(d)Ivan Pavlov	
2.Perception determines what goal		
(a)True	(b)False	
	cally determined traits that determine the child's	
approach to the world:	carry accommised trains that accommise the crima s	
(a)true	(c)false	
	rders are also influenced by our perception of the	
subjective distress pf the individua		
(a)true	(c)false	
* /	or is also considered to be abnormal	
(a)overdone	(c)underdone	
(b)both a & b	(d)none	
· /	nal signs of psychological disorders:	
(a)true	(c)false	
7. Homeostasis is a principle which under variety of conditio	n relates to the maintenance and restoration of	
(a) favorable state	(c) Equilibrium	
(b)favorable perception	(d)all of the above	
8. Perception plays an essential role		
(a)True	(c)False	
9. Operant conditioning was developed	·	
(a)Rollo May	(c)Edward Thorndike	
(b)B.F Skinner	(d)Ivan Pavlov	
	ch relates to the maintenance and restoration of	
(a) favorable state	(c) Equilibrium	
(b) favorable perception	(d)all of the above	
· / 1	n object but it also has homeostatic significance is	
(a)Tension	(c)Satiation	
(b)Valence	(d)None of the above	
	interpretation between external cues and the	
(a)True	(b)False	
	ertain percept will behave consistently when this	
percept is evoked by a cue in the e		
(a)True	(b)False	
` '	e contributed to the trait theory of personality:	
(a)Eysenck	(c)Gordon Allport	
(b)Ramond cattell	(d)all of the above	

15. The focus on the ability of human beings to think consciously and rationally falls		
under: (a)Behaviouristic (c)Humanistic		
(b)Existential (d)Psychoanalysis		
16.Realization of their full potential can be called self-actualization:		
(a)True (b)False		
B. Terms/ Short notes/ Case study/ Charts/ Graphs/ Tables, etc. (Each of 01 mark)	(07)	
1. Mention two types of learning.	(07)	
2. Who started Psychoanalysis?		
3. What is personality psychology?		
4. Who founded the psychosexual stages?		
5. Who founded existential psychology?		
6. Define personality.		
7. Name the psychosocial stage at the age of 3 years to 5 years.		
Q.2 Answer the following.		
A. Discuss in brief about the trait theory of personality.		
<b>B.</b> Mention the different types of observation and discuss.		
C. Why do we use Projective techniques? Discuss.		
OR	(04)	
C. Mention the factors affecting personality.	(04)	
Q.3 Answer the following.	(* )	
A. Discuss in brief the psychosocial stages.		
<b>B.</b> Discuss the administration and also discuss the content in Rorschach.		
C. Discuss in brief about MMPI.		
OR	, ,	
C. Discuss in brief the psychosexual stages.	(05)	
Q.4 Answer the following.		
A. Discuss the determinants and the location of Rorschach test.		
<b>B.</b> What is Rorschach? Who developed it? Write a brief summary of the same.		
	(06)	
C. What is TAT? Discuss its administration and usage.		
OR	(06)	
C. Discuss the 16 PF and Edwards Personal Preference Scale.		