

PARUL UNIVERSITY
FACULTY OF ARTS
B.Arts Winter 2018 – 19 Examination

Semester: 5
Subject Code: 15104303
Subject Name: Idea and Practice of War and Peace

Date: 15/12/2018
Time: 10.30 am to 1.00 pm
Total Marks: 60

Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
4. Start new question on new page.

Q.1 Do as directed.**(08)****A. Multiple choice type questions. (Each of 0.5 mark)**

1. Who undertook the famed “Long march” to escape persecution in the 1930s?

a) The Communists	b) The Japanese
c) The Nationalists	d) The Manchurians
2. The Communist China Party supported by what major world power during the Chinese Civil War?

a) The USSR	b) Japan	c) U.S.	d) Britain
-------------	----------	---------	------------
3. Sun yes-men’s Basic and early underlying ideology for what nationalist party was based on what?

a) The Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution	b) The three people’s principles	c) The little Red Book	d) The Hundred flowers campaign
--	----------------------------------	------------------------	---------------------------------
4. At the time of WW2 there were three dictators in Europe. Two were Adolf Hitler and Benito Mussolini. The third dictator did not take part in WW2. Who was he?

a) Francisco Franco	b) Never Hexham
c) Hirohito	d) Josef Tito
5. Which German leader landed in Britain on 10 May 1941 and was arrested?

a) Herman Goring	b) Rudolf Hess
c) Benjamin Grossman	d) Enrich Himmler
6. When did Japan surrender?

a) 10 August 1945	b) 30 June 1948
c) 15 June 1943	d) 20 October 1942
7. Who led the founding of the Republic of Turkey?

a) Tans Ciller	b) Mustafa Kemal	c) Boland Ecevit	d) Denis Baykal
----------------	------------------	------------------	-----------------
8. The International Court of Justice was established in _____.

a) 1907	b) 1919	c) 1945	d) 1946
---------	---------	---------	---------
9. The term of judges of International Court of Justice is:-

a) Three years	b) Five years	c) Six years	d) Nine years
----------------	---------------	--------------	---------------
10. The International Law Commission is a body to _____.

a) Investigate situations which may threaten international peace and security	b) Codify international law	c) Conciliate between/among the disputing states	d) Constitute an arbitration tribunal for the pacific settlement of a dispute
---	-----------------------------	--	---
11. The first case taken by the International Court of Justice was _____.

a) Nationality decrees in Tunis and Morocco	b) Lighthouse in Crete and Samos	c) Corfu channel	d) Asylum Case
---	----------------------------------	------------------	----------------
12. The doctrine which accepted the “law of nature” as an independent source of rules of the law of nations was propounded by _____.

a) Bodine	b) Machiavelli	c) Hobbes	d) Grotius
-----------	----------------	-----------	------------

13. The Permanent Court of Arbitration was established by _____.
- The Hague Conference of 1899 and 1907
 - The Washington Naval Conference of 1922
 - The Vienna Conference of 1968-69
 - The Geneva Convention of April 29, 1958
14. Who said that " International law is not law"?
- Pudenda
 - Austin
 - Bentham
 - Pollock
15. A state can use force _____.
- in its own defence
 - By entering into a treaty with another state
 - At its own discretion
 - None of these
16. International Law can _____.
- Compel a state to settle a dispute
 - Provide moral support to an issue in dispute
 - Furnish legal substance to an issue in dispute
 - None of these

B. Terms/ Short notes/ Case study/ Charts/ Graphs/ Tables, etc. (Each of 01 mark) (07)

- Define Treaty.
- Define fundamental principles of Humanitarian law?
- What is mediation?
- What was SEATO's purpose?
- Name any two approaches to peace.
- Name any two ways through which United Nations works for world peace?
- Define Cooperative security.

Q.2 Answer the following.

- Why the allies won WW2? (04)
- What must stable peace involve? (04)
- Describe features of Collective Security. (04)

OR

- Describe Scope of International law. (04)

Q.3 Answer the following.

- Describe Turkish war of independence. (05)
- Write about transformative approach to peace. (05)
- Discuss any two dissimilarities between collective security and balance of power. (05)

OR

- Describe nature of international law. (05)

Q.4 Answer the following.

- How international law is related to international relations? (06)
- Explain Feminist approach to peace. (06)
- Describe Irish war of independence. (06)

OR

- Write a note on Enforcement of international law. (06)