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PARUL UNIVERSITY
FACULTY OF ARTS
B.A, Winter 2017-18 Examination

Semester: 3
Date: 06/12/2017
Subject Code: 15101202
Time: 10:30 am to 1:00 pm
Subject Name: Statistical Methods In Economics

## Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
4. Start new question on new page.

## Q.1. A Choose the correct answer.

1. For the following data, frequency of 5 is $\qquad$ .
$2,3,2,3,4,3,4,5,4,5,6,5,6,7,5,8,9,10,5$
(a) 5
(b) 3
(c) 4
(d) 2
2. Class length of the class $20-35$ is $\qquad$ -.
(a) 20
(b) 15
(c) 7.5
(d) 35
3. Mid-point of the class $0-15$ is $\qquad$ .
(b) 00
(b) 15
(c) 7.5
(d) 30
4. Mode of the following data is $\qquad$ -
$10,12,15,12,18,19,18,20,12,17,18,14,12,16,12$
(a) 15
(b) 18
(c) 14
(d) 12
5. If $p(A)=0.5$ then $p\left(A^{\prime}\right)=$ $\qquad$ .
(a) 0.5
(b) 1.5
(c) 0
(d) 1
6. $p(\varnothing)=$ $\qquad$ _.
(a) 1
(b) 0
(c) -1
(d) 0.5
7. $p(A \cup B)=p(A)+p(B)-$ $\qquad$ _.
(a) $p\left(A^{\prime}\right)$
(b) $p(A \cup B)^{\prime}$
(c) $p(A \cap B)$
(d) $p\left(B^{\prime}\right)$
8. If $n(S)=3, n(A)=2$ then $p(A)=$ $\qquad$ .
(a) $\frac{3}{2}$
(b) $\frac{1}{6}$
(c) 6
(d) $\frac{2}{3}$
9. For a binomial distribution, $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ are parameters.
(a) $n, p$
(b) $n, q$
(c) $p, q$
(d) $n p, q$
10. For a normal distribution, $P(Z<0)=$ $\qquad$
(a) 0
(b) 0.5
(c) 1
(d) -1
11. For a normal distribution, $z=$ $\qquad$
(a) $\frac{x-\sigma}{\mu}$
(b) $x-\frac{\sigma}{\mu}$
(c) $\frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}$
(d) $x-\frac{\mu}{\sigma}$
12. Binomial distribution is a distribution for $\qquad$ variable.
(a) no
(b) continuous
(c) any
(d) discrete
13. The correlation coefficient lies between $\qquad$ .
(a) -1 and 1
(b) -1 and 0
(c)0 and 1
(d) $-\infty$ and $\infty$
14. Which of the following is the correct relation between $r, b_{x x}$ and $b_{y x}$ ?
(a) $r=b_{x y} b_{y x}$
(b) $r^{2}=b_{x y} b_{y x}$
(c) $r=\frac{b_{y x}}{b_{x y}}$
(d) $r=\frac{b_{x y}}{b_{y x}}$
15. Equation of line of regression of $y$ on $x$ is $\qquad$ .
(a) $y=a x+b_{x y}$
(b) $y=a+\left(b_{x y}\right) x$
(c) $y=a+\left(b_{y x}\right) x$
(d) $y=a x+b_{y x}$
16. If $r>0$ then the correlation is known as $\qquad$
(a) no correlation
(b) negative correlation
(c) zero correlation
(d) positive correlation
Q.1.B. Answer the following.
17. Average of the following data is $\qquad$ .

1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16
2. If mode of the following data is 50 then what is the missing entry?
10,20,30,40,50,?,70,80
3. If $A$ and $B$ are mutually exclusive events with $p(A)=0.5=p(B)$ then $p(A \cup B)=$ ?
4. If $A$ and $B$ are independent events with $p(A)=0.5=p(B)$ then $p(A \cap B)=$ ?
5. For binomial distribution with $n=2, p=\frac{1}{2}$ find $P(X=1)$.
6. For normal distribution with $\mu=12, \sigma=2$ find $p(X>12)$.
7. If for a data given $b_{x y}=\frac{1}{8}, b_{y x}=\frac{1}{2}$ then $r=$ $\qquad$ .
Q.2.A. Consider the following frequency distribution.

| Marks | No. of students |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0-10$ | 5 |
| $10-20$ | 7 |
| $20-30$ | 12 |
| $30-40$ | 10 |
| $40-50$ | 6 |

(i) How many students got marks less than 40 ?
(ii) How many students got marks more than 20?
(iii) How many students got marks between 20 to 40 ?
(iv) If getting marks more than 20 is the passing criteria then how many students failed the test?
Q.2.B. Find correlation coefficient for the price and demand of the commodity.

| Price (Rs) | 60 | 65 | 70 | 75 | 80 | 85 | 90 | 95 | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Demand (qty) | 35 | 30 | 25 | 25 | 23 | 21 | 20 | 20 | 18 |

Q.2.C. The following bar graph shows the results when a die was thrown a number of times.

Scores on a die

(i) How many times 1 was thrown?
(ii) How many times 5 was obtained?
(iii) Which number was obtained the least times?
(iv) Which number was obtained the most?

## OR

Q.2.C. Find the rank correlation coefficient for following data:

| $x$ | 12 | 10 | 17 | 14 | 13 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | 110 | 210 | 108 | 135 | 160 |

Q.3.A. Let $p(A)=0.5, p(B)=0.3$ and $p(A \cap B)=0.17$.
Find (i) $p(A \cup B)$
(ii) $p\left(A^{\prime}\right)$
(iii) $p\left(B^{\prime}\right)$
(iv) $p\left(A^{\prime} \cap B\right)$
(v) $p\left(A \cap B^{\prime}\right)$
Q.3B. An unbiased coin is tossed 6 times. Find the probability of getting (i) exactly 4 heads (ii) at least 4 heads (iii) at most 2 heads
Q.3C. Find the mean of the following data:

| Class | $0-10$ | $10-20$ | $20-30$ | $30-40$ | $40-50$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $f_{i}$ | 5 | 8 | 15 | 16 | 6 |

OR
Q.3C. Find the Karl Pearson coefficient of correlation between the weight of the father and the son from the following data:

| Wt of father | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 | 61 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wt of son | 57 | 56 | 59 | 62 | 60 | 60 | 59 |

Q.4.A. If $p(A)=p(B)=p(C)=0.3, p(D / A)=0.4, p(D / B)=0.5$ and $p(D / C)=0.2$.

Find (i) $p(A / D)$
(ii) $p(B / D)$
Q.4.B. In a normal distribution mean $\mu=21.5$ and s.d. $\sigma=2.5$. find the following values:
(i) $P(x \leq 18)$
(ii) $P(x \leq 22)$
(iii) $P(18 \leq x \leq 22)$
(iv) $P(x \geq 22)$
Q.4.C. Find the regression coefficients $b_{y x}$ and $b_{x y}$ for the following data:

| $x$ | 4 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $y$ | 2 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 |

OR
Q.4.C. Find the median of the following data:

| $x_{i}$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $f_{i}$ | 4 | 1 | 6 | 11 | 3 |

