

PARUL UNIVERSITY
FACULTY OF ARTS
B.A, Winter 2017 – 18 Examination

Semester: 2**Subject Code: 15105153****Subject Name: Introduction to Psychology-II****Date: 29/12/2017****Time: 10:30am to 1:00pm****Total Marks: 60****Instructions:**

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
4. Start new question on new page.

Q.1 Do as directed.**(08)****A. Multiple choice type questions. (Each of 0.5 mark)**

1. The global capacity to act purposefully, to think rationally, and to deal effectively with the environment is known as:
 - A. Intelligence
 - B. Achievement
 - C. Aptitude
 - D. Autism
2. The degree to which a test measures what it is supposed to measure is indicated by the test's:
 - A. Culture fairness
 - B. Bias
 - C. Validity
 - D. Reliability
3. The first formal test of general intelligence that appeared in 1905 was the:
 - A. Binet-Simons scale
 - B. Wechsler adult intelligence scale
 - C. Wechsler intelligence scale for children
 - D. Stanford-Binet intelligence scale
4. A _____ concept is formed by identifying the specific features possessed by all things that the concept applies to.
 - A. Prototype
 - B. Logical
 - C. Natural
 - D. Trial and error
5. A problem-solving rule or procedure that, when followed step by step, assures that a correct solution will be found is known as:
 - A. Mental set
 - B. Trial and error
 - C. Algorithm
 - D. Insight
6. The characteristic of language marked by the ability to refer to objects and events that are not present is:
 - A. Semanticity
 - B. Generativity
 - C. Displacement
 - D. Phonology
7. The set of rules that governs the proper use and combination of language symbols is
 - A. Grammar
 - B. Semanticity
 - C. Generativity
 - D. Phonology
8. In a normal distribution of Wechsler Scale IQ scores, with mean of 100 and standard deviation of 15, about ____ percent would score between 85 and 115.
 - A. 100
 - B. 95
 - C. 68
 - D. 30

9. A test that yields consistent results is said to be:
 - A. Standardized
 - B. A norm –reference test
 - C. Reliable
 - D. Valid
10. A theory can be defined as:
 - A. An universal hypothesis
 - B. An educated guess
 - C. a group of philosophical speculations concerning the nature of reality
 - D. a set of related assumptions that generate testable hypotheses
11. A pattern of relatively permanent traits, dispositions, or characteristics that give some consistency to a person’s behavior is called
 - A. A general trait
 - B. A specific trait
 - C. Personality
 - D. A genetic
12. The word personality comes from “persona” which originally meant
 - A. Theatrical mask
 - B. Soul
 - C. The animal side of human nature
 - D. That which one truly is
13. Galton, a cousin of Charles Darwin, proposed the controversial practice known as ____, encouraging supposedly superior people to reproduce, while preventing supposedly inferior people from reproducing.
 - A. Variability hypothesis
 - B. Eugenics
 - C. Factor analysis
 - D. Stereotype treat
14. The intellectual deficiency known as mental _____ is marked by an IQ below 70 and by difficulties performing in everyday life.
 - A. Giftedness
 - B. Retardation
 - C. Intelligence
 - D. Quotient
15. Which of the following is not included in the definition of personality psychology?
 - A. it deals with adaptation to the environment.
 - B. it deals with how trait deals with environment.
 - C. it deals with how the environment influence trait
 - D. all above are included.
16. for something to be part of personality it should be
 - A. always be evident.
 - B. never change
 - C. be relatively stable over time
 - D. apply to all people

B. Answer the following as true or false . (Each of 01 mark)

(07)

1. Autistic thinking aims at solving problem.
2. Homeostatic mechanism are involved in drinking and maintain body temperature.
3. Need hierarchy theory was proposed by Abraham Maslow.
4. Freud’s ideas about catharsis encourage the release of instinctual aggressive energy.
5. The enjoyment a person gets from keeping a personal journal is an example of extrinsic motivation.
6. Blood protein levels are an important cue in the regulation of hunger.
7. Theory is a broader term than hypothesis.

Q.2 Answer the following.

- A. Write short note on Determinants of personality.
- B. Write short note on Reasoning.
- C. Write short note on Evolutionary theory of emotion.

(04)

(04)

(04)

OR

- C. Write short note on Mental retardation.

(04)

Q.3 Answer the following.

- A. Define Emotion? Discuss any two theories of emotion? (05)
- B. Discuss in detail barriers and strategies problem solving? (05)
- C. Define motivation? Discuss Maslow's theory? (05)

OR

- C. Discuss in detail Multiple intelligence? (05)

Q.4 Answer the following.

- A. Define Personality? Explain any two personality theory? (06)
- B. Explain any two theory of intelligence? (06)
- C. Explain trait approach by cattle? (06)

OR

- C. Discuss in detail intelligence tests? (06)