Seat No: Enrollment No:

PARUL UNIVERSITY

FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCES

M.Sc. Supplementary Examination, Summer 2018-19

Semester:1 Date: 06/04/2019

Subject Code: 11205103 Time: 10.30am to 1.00pm

Subject Name: Physical Chemistry-I **Total Marks: 60**

Instructions:

- 1. All questions are compulsory.
- 2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 4. Start new question on new page.

Q.1. A) Answer the following:

(08)

- (a) What are Polymers? State the basic difference between simple molecules and polymers in terms of any two physical properties.
- (b) Give the names of important polymeric materials useful as rubbers and resins.

Q.1. B) Answer the following questions (ANY TWO):

- (a) 1. Define the term: Heterochain Organic Polymers with suitable example
- (04)

- 2. Write the structures of the repeat units for the following polymers:
 - (i) Polyacrylonitrile
 - (ii) Polyesters
- (b) Give the basic difference between addition polymerization and condensation polymerization.
- 04) (c) Write a brief note on: Influence of temperature on Free radical polymerization reaction and (04)

molecular weight of the resulting polymer. Q.2. A) Answer the following questions.

(a) 1. What is meant by the term Polydispersity?

- (04)
- 2. Name the two techniques used for determining the value of $\overline{\mathbf{M}}_n$ of polymer.
- (b) Give difference between Bulk polymerization technique and Solution polymerization (04)technique.

Q.2. B) Answer the following questions (ANY TWO):

- (a) Write correct option in your answer sheet for the following three multiple choice questions: (03)
 - 1. Light scattering technique provides molecular weight, which is
 - [A] Weight average
 - [B] Number average
 - [C] Z-average
 - [D] Viscosity average
 - 2. Osmometry technique gives
 - [A] M_n
 - $[B] M_w$
 - $[C] \overline{M}_v$
 - [D] M_z
 - 3. In which of the following polymerization techniques, the heat dissipation is difficult
 - [A] Solution polymerization
 - [B] Bulk polymerization
 - [C] Suspension polymerization
 - [D] Emulsion polymerization
- (b) Give the names of the polymerization techniques which are homogeneous in nature. Discuss (03)any one of them.
- (c) Write the values of the weight-average and number- average molecular weights of the polymer.

Q.3. A) Answer the following:

(08)

(03)

- (b) Give the names of the different types of molecular velocities.
- Q.3. B) Answer the following questions (ANY TWO):
 - (a) 1. Define the term: Degrees of Freedom of a gas (04)
 - 2. Define the term: Viscosity

(a) Enumerate the gas laws.

- (b) Calculate the various degrees of freedom of H₂ and CO₂ molecules. (04)
- (c) Explain the Transport Phenomena.

(04)

Q.4. A) Answer the following:	
(a) 1. What is the relation between EMF and Free energy?	(04)
2. Define the term: Cathode compartment	
(b) What is meant by Potentiometric titrations? State its different types.	(04)
Q.4. B) Answer the following questions (ANY TWO):	
(a) Write correct option in your answer sheet for the following three multiple choice questions	: (03)
1. The pH of a solution can be determined using	
(A)Hydrogen electrode	
(B)Quinhydrone electrode	
(C)Glass electrode	
(D)All the above electrodes	
2. Anode compartment is the compartment of the cell in which	
(A)oxidation half-reaction occurs	
(B) reduction half-reaction occurs	
(C)oxidation and reduction half-reactions occur	
(D)None of the above	
3. In EMF measurements, the reference electrode used is	
(A)the standard calomel electrode (SCE)	
(B) the quinhydrone electrode	
(C)the glass electrode	
(D)None of the above	
(b) State the Nernst equation.	(03)
(c) Enumerate the applications of EMF measurements.	(03)