

PARUL UNIVERSITY
FACULTY OF ARTS
B.A Summer 2017–18 Examination

Semester: 3

Subject Code: 15104230

Subject Name: Social and Political Movements in India

Date: 02/06/2018

Time: 10.30 am to 1.00 pm

Total Marks: 60

Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
4. Start new question on new page.

Q.1 Do as directed.**(08)****A. Multiple choice type questions. (Each of 0.5 mark)**

1. Chipko Movement was led against the MNC called _____.
A Simon Sports C Woods Sports
B Nike D None
2. Governments have offered _____ incentives to Naxals who surrender themselves.
A Reward C Material
B Cash D All
3. How many women were available in the village when all the men were called to police station during Chipko Movement?
A 20 C 100
B 35 D 27
4. Greyhounds are _____.
A Dogs C Police Force
B Female dogs D None
5. _____ had led the Ahmedabad textile workers' strike
A Rama bai Ranade C Sarojini Naidu
B Jyoti bai D Anasuya Sarabhai
6. Which of the following is not the example of Social movement?
A Naxalite C Dalit
B Narmada Bachao D Green Peace
7. _____ refers to an opposition by the masses against the authority.
A Strike C Violence
B Rebellion D Disorder
8. _____ is an outbreak of temporary but violent mass disorder.
A Strike C Riot
B Violence D Disorder
9. _____ is remembered for the widow remarriage campaign in India?
A Ishawar Chandra Vidhyasagar C A O Hume
B Roy D Gandhi
10. The hindi term *Chipko* means _____.
A To Cling C To lead
B To hit D To put
11. Who condemned the practice of *sati*.
A Raja Ram Mohan Roy C Gandhi
B Savarkar D None
12. WIA stands for _____.
A Women's Indian Association C Women International Associates
B What India Assesses D None

13. _____ are the collective enterprises.

- A Disorders
B Policies
C Social Movements
D Masses

14. SSP stands for _____

- A Sardar Sarovar Project
B Smart Solving People
C Slow and Steady Pollution
D All

15. _____ are loosely organized but sustained campaign in support of a social goal, typically either the implementation or the prevention of a change in society's structure or values.

- A Social Movement
B Social change
C Either A or B
D None

16. Nav Nirman Movement was originally based in _____

- A Rajasthan
B Gujarat
C Maharashtra
D All

B. Explain the following Terms. (Each of 01 mark)

(07)

1. Where did Chipko Movement start?
2. Define the term Social Movements.
3. What does DGSM stand for?
4. List 'Tribal Movements' in India.
5. Name the states affected by Naxalite Movement in India.
6. Dalit.
7. Who was the leader of Narmada Bachao Movement (NBA)?

Q.2 Answer the following.

- A. Write a note on the causes of Social Movement. **(04)**
B. Write a short note on the Path opted by the Tribal Movement for achieving the goal. **(04)**
C. Origin of the 'Silent Valley Movement'. **(04)**

OR

- C. . Methods adopted by Narmada Bachao Movement. **(04)**

Q.3 Answer the following.

- A. Write a short Note on defining features of Movement. **(05)**
B. Factors that led to 'Dalit Movement' in India. **(05)**
C. State and explain the causes of 'Naxalite Movement'. **(05)**

OR

- C. Distinguish between Social change and Social Movement. **(05)**

Q.4 Answer the following.

- A. What are the causes of Social Movement? **(06)**
B. Socio 'Religious Reforms Movement'. **(06)**
C. Write Demands and Achievements of 'Chipko Movement'. **(06)**

OR

- C. Origin and Leadership of NBA – Narmada Bachao Andolan. **(06)**