7. Symmetric matrix

PARUL UNIVERSITY

FACULTY OF ARTS

B.A Summer 2017 – 18 Examination

Semester: 2 Subject Code: 15101152 Subject Name: Mathematical methods for Economics-I	Date: 09/05/2018 Time: 10:30AM TO 01:00PM Total Marks: 60
Instructions:	
1. All questions are compulsory.	
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.	
4. Start new question on new page.	
Q.1 Do as directed.	(08)
A. Multiple choice type questions. (Each of 0.5 mark)	
$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{25} =$	
a) 4 = 0/25 = 0/55x = 0/25	
2 All expression such as 4x is a	
a) variable b) Function c) both a and b d) None	
3 A tries to define these relationships.	
a) Variable b) Function c) Dependent Variable d) Monomial	
4 means the change occurs in dependent variable due to chan	ge in independent variable.
a) slope b) Shape c) log d) None	
5function is one which has no breaks in its curve.	
a) limits b) Continuity c) Both a and b d) None	
6 In Natural logarithms "e" is	
a) Euler's Number b) Equation c) Both a and b d) None	
7 Logarithm is of power.	
a) equal b) opposite c) same d) none	
8 is the process of finding the relative maximum an	d minimum of a function.
a) variable b) optimization c) both a and b d) none	
9 The derivative of the function $z(x,y)$ with respect to x at fixed y is call	led the
a) total derivative b) Partial derivative c) both a and b d) None	
10 Non-linear functions are those which do not form a straight line. (true	/ false)
11 Polynomial comes from the greek word, poly which means many. (tr	ue/false)
12 if the line is horizontal straight line to X axis, than slope is zero.(true /	/ false)
13 What is $\log 2(64) = $?	
a) 8 b) 9 c) 0 d) 1	
14 Input-output technique was invented by	
a) Gunnar Myrdal b) Wassily Leontief c) Hollis B. Chenery	d) Robert Solow
15 What is $\log 3(729) = ?$,
a)8 b)6 c)9 d)10	
16 What is $\log 10(100) = 2$ (True/False)	
B. Explain Terms (Each of 01 mark)	(07)
1. Variable	
2. Slop	
3. Function	
4 Derivatives	
5 Matrix	
6. Point of inflexion	

Q.2 Answer the following.		
A. Find the equilibrium price and quantity.		(04)
Qs = 4 + 8P		
Qd = 8-16P		
B. Find the equilibrium price and quantity.		(04)
Qs = -45 + 8P		
Qd = 125-2P		
C. Explain different types of variables.		(04)
	OR	
C. Write rules of logarithmic function.		(04)
Q.3 Answer the following.		
A. What is increasing and decreasing function	?	(05)
B. What is function? Explain linear and non-lin	near function with example.	(05)
C. Write rules of exponential function.		(05)
	OR	
C. A Rewrite to logarithm notation:	B. solve it.	(05)
1. $4^5 = 1024$	$1. \log_{17} 1 = ?$	
2. $13^0 = 1$	2. $\log_3(81) = ?$	
3. $5^{-2} = 0,04$	3.10g ₄ 16=?	
4. $10^2 = 100$	4. $\log_7(49) = ?$	
5. $2^{10} = 1024$	5. $\log_6(216) = ?$	
Q.4 Find the sum of $A + B$ of the following		(06)

A. 1)

 $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 9 & 8 & 7 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 5 & 4 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ 2) $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} =$ 3) $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 & 3 & 0 \\ 4 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 0 & 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 3 & -6 & 2 \\ 5 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} =$

B Find the subtraction of A - B of the following.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 \\ 2 & 0 & -1 \\ 4 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 3 & 5 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

C. What is matrix? Explain different types of matrices.

C. What is derivative? Explain rules of differentiation.

(06)

(06)

(06)