Seat No: _____

Enrollment No: ____

PARUL UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech., Winter 2017 - 18 Examination

Semester: 1		Date: 21/12/2017
Subject Code: 03191101TinSubject Name: Mathematics-ITot		Time: 2:00 pm to 4:30 pm
		Total Marks: 60
Instructions:		
1. All questions are compulsory.		
2. Figures to the right indicate full m	narks.	
3. Make suitable assumptions where	ver necessary.	
4. Start new question on new page.		
Q.1 Objective Type Questions : (All are compulsory) (Each of one mark)	(15)
1. If $A = A^{T}$ then the Matrix	is called	
(a) Symmetric	(b) Skew-symmetric	
(c) Hermitian	(d) Skew-Hermitian	
2. The series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^5}$ is		
(a) Convergent	(b) Divergent	
(c) Oscillatory	(d) None of these	
3. The curve $a^2x^2 = y^2(2a \cdot a)$	-y) is symmetric about	
(a) x-axis	(b) y-axis	
(c) x=y	(d) None of these	
4. If $z = xy f(x/y)$, then $x \frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$	$\frac{dz}{dx} + y \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} =$	
(a) z	(b) 0	
(c) $1/z$	(d) 2z	
5 A matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ is in		
(a) Row echelon form	(b) Reduced row echelon for	m
(c) Both	(d) None	
$\int_{6}^{1} If Z_{1} = 1 + 2i \& Z_{2} = $	$3i \sum_{\text{then}} Z_1 + Z_2$ is	
О.	1 2 2]	
7. The Eigen values of $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	$0 \ 2 \ 3 \ is$	
L	0 0 2	
8. If $r = -1$ in geometric ser	ies $a + ar + ar^{2} + \dots + ar^{n-1} + \dots$	then series is
9. If the tangents at a point ar	re real and distinct, then the double point is c	called a
10. For an implicit function f($(x, y) = c$, the value of $\frac{dy}{dy}$ is	
-	$ax (\cos\theta + i\sin\theta)^n$	
11. Apply De- Moiver's theor	$= \underline{\qquad}$	
12. The Jacobian $\frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(x,y)}$ for	u = x - y, v = x + y is	
13. The matrix $\begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$ is	a matrix.	

14. Tell whether the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n \sin \frac{1}{n}$ is convergent or divergent?

15. Find $\frac{\partial f}{\partial z}$, for f(x,y,z)= x^2yz^2 at (1,1,1,).

Q.2 Answer the following questions. (Attempt any three)

A). Solve following system of linear equations by Gauss Jordan method

x+2y+z=5; -x-y+z=2; y+3z=1

B). If
$$u = \log(\tan x + \tan y + \tan z)$$
 then show that $\sin 2x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \sin 2y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \sin 2z \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 2$.

C). Test the convergence of
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2n^2 + 2n}{5 + n^5}$$

D). Find the square roots of $1 - \sqrt{3}i$

Q.3 (A) (1) Find the value of
$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$$
 and $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$ at the point (1,-3) if $f(x, y) = x^4 + 3x^2y + y^3 - 1$. (07)

(2) Find the limit, if it exists:
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{xy\cos y}{3x^2 + y^2}$$

(B) (1) Test the convergence of the series
$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{n3^n (n+1)!}{2^n n!}$$
 (08)

(2) Prove that
$$\frac{(\cos 5\theta - i\sin 5\theta)^2 (\cos 7\theta + i\sin 7\theta)^{-3}}{(\cos 4\theta - i\sin 4\theta)^9 (\cos \theta + i\sin \theta)^5} = 1$$

OR
(B) (1) Trace the curve
$$y^2(2a - x) = x^3$$
, $a > 0$. (08)

(2) Using slicing method find the volume of a solid ball of radius a.

Q.4 (A) (1) Find the area of the region between the X-axis and the graph of

$$f(x) = x^3 - x^2 - 2x, -1 \le x \le 2.$$
(07)

(2) Find the Rank of the following matrix: $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$

OR

(A) Find the Eigen values and Eigen vectors of the following matrix (07) $\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 6 \\ 3 & 6 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

(B) (1) Expand
$$f(x) = x^4 - 11x^3 + 43x^2 - 60x + 14$$
 using Maclaurin's series. (08)
(2) Use the Chain Rule to find $\frac{dw}{dt}$ for $w = xe^{\frac{y}{z}}$, $x = t^2$, $y = 1 - t$, $z = 1 + 2t$

(15)