Seat No:	Enrollment No:

## PARUL UNIVERSITY

## FACULTY OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY B.Tech.. Winter 2017 - 18 Examination

Sub Sub Inst 1. A 2. F 3. N	ject ject truc ll qu igur Iake	tions: uestions ar es to the ri e suitable a	,	nter 2017 - 18 Exa	Date: 03/01/2018 Time: 02:00PM to 0 Total Marks: 60	4:30PM		
Q.1	Ob	Objective Type Questions (MCQ, Fill in the blanks, One word answer) (All are compulsory) (15)						
	`	(Each of one mark)						
	1.	The actua	al size of a modular brick is					
		a)	19 cm x 9 cm x 9 cm	b)	19 cm x 19 cm x 9 cm			
		c)	9 cm x 9 cm x 9 cm	d)	19 cm x 19 cm x 19 cm			
	2.	The top v	view of a building is known as					
		a)	Plan	b)	Elevation			
		c)	Section	d)	Details			
	3.	A horizoi	ntal structural member provided	l above the window				
		a)	Plinth	b)	Lintel			
		c)	Sill	d)	Jamb			
	4.	Principle	of chain survey is					
		a)	Triangulation	b)	Traversing			
		c)	Parallelism	d)	Orientation			
	5.	The line joining points of equal elevation (RL) is known as						
		a)	Horizontal line	b)	Gradient line			
		c)	Contour line	d)	Level line			
	6.	Define M	ISL.					
	7.		WCB to QB for the angle 120°					
	8.		neant by Dip of a needle?					
	9.		epresentative Fraction (R.F).					
		). What are the components of concrete.						
		. The number of links in a 20 m metric chain is						
		2. The portion of the building above ground level is called						
		3. A mixture of cement, sand and water is known as						
		. If scale of a map is 1 cm = 5 m, its R.F is						
	15.	If the bac	ck bearing of a line is S 30° W,	its fore bearing is _	·			

**Q.2** Answer the following questions. (Attempt any three)

(15)

- A) Differentiate between Prismatic compass and Surveyor's compass.
- B) What is dampness? What are the various causes of Dampness?
- C) Define Declination. Magnetic bearing of a line AB is 120°30 and the true bearing is 121°15. Find the declination.
- D) Differentiate between plane surveying and geodetic surveying.
- **Q.3** A) What are the different operations in chain surveying? Explain.

(07)

B) The following staff readings were observed successively with a dumpy level. The instrument is moved by 3<sup>rd</sup>, 6<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup> readings.

1.850, 1.965, 1.675, 2.255, 2.360, 2.690, 0.685, 0.780, 0.965, 1.125

Enter the readings in record book and calculate RL using **H.I. method** if the first reading was taken at a BM of 150.00m

OR

B) The following staff readings were observed successively with a dumpy level. The instrument is moved by  $3^{rd}$ ,  $6^{th}$  and  $8^{th}$  readings. (08)

1.850, 1.965, 1.675, 2.255, 2.360, 2.690, 0.685, 0.780, 0.965, 1.125

Enter the readings in record book and calculate RL using **Rise and Fall method** if the first reading was taken at a BM of 150.00m

Q.4 A) In a closed traverse the following bearings were observed with a compass. Calculate the interior (07) angles.

Line	Fore Bearing	Back Bearing
AB	65° 00	245° 00
BC	125° 30	305° 30
CD	200° 00	20° 00
DE	265° 15	85° 15
EA	330° 00	150° 00

OR

A) Explain the terminologies:

(07)

- a. GPS
- b. GIS
- c. Remote Sensing.
- B) What are the properties of a good brick?

(08)