Seat No: \_\_\_

Enrollment No: \_\_\_\_\_

## **PARUL UNIVERSITY**

## **FACULTY OF MANAGEMENT STUDIES BBA Winter 2023 - 24 Examination**

Semester: 03 Date: 11/12/2023

**Subject Code: 06191206** Time: 10:30am to 1:00pm

**Subject Name: Business statistics-I Total Marks: 60** 

## Instructions

- 1. All questions are compulsory.
- Figures to the right indicate full marks.
   Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 4. Start new question on new page.

Q.1	Do as Directed.											CO	PO	BT			
	Μι	ulti	ple choice typ	e ques	stions/	Fill in	the b	lanks.	. (Ea	ch of	1 mai	rk)		(05)			
	1.	1. If A and B are mutually exclusive events then $P(A \cap B)$ is															
		a) 1 c) -1															
			b) 0					d) 2									
	2.	The co-efficient of correlation lies between															
		a) -1 and 1 c) 1 and 2															
		b) 0 and 1 d) None of the above															
	3.	P(A) + P(A') =															
			a) 1					c) 0	)								
			b) -1					d) r	one o	f abov	e						
	4.	The expected values of constant is															
			a) Constant					c) E	Both a	and b							
			b) Non Consta	ant				d) N	None o	f thes	e						
	5.	, , ,															
			a) $\sqrt{npq}$					c) √	pq								
			b) npq						one of	f these	;						
<b>B</b> ).	Do	as	directed. (Ea	ch of	1 mar	k)		· ·						(05)			
	1.	W	rite down addi	tion th	neorem	for P	robabi	lity.						<u> </u>			
	2. Define Sample space.																
	3.																
	4.	<b>1.</b> If A and B are Independent event then $P(A \cap B) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ .															
	5.		athematical ex														
C).Direct questions. (Each of 1 mark)											(05)						
	1.	Le	t K=3 then V(I	$(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$													
		2. For three events A, B and C, $P(A \cup B \cup C) =$															
	3.	<b>3.</b> The correlation coefficient is independent of															
		4. The product of regression coefficient can't exceed .															
			e mean and var							n (Tr	 ue/Fal	se)					
							1 01550	JII G150	noutr	)II ( I I I	uc/1 ui	.50)					
~	Answer the following questions.																
A)	If $P(A) = 1/3$ , $P(B') = 1/4$ and $P(A \cap B) = 1/6$ then find $P(A \cup B)$ , $P(A' \cap B')$ and $P(A'/B')$ .								(07)								
<b>B</b> ).	Fir	Find Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation between capital employed and															
		ofit obtained from the following data. What can we say about relationship															
	bet	we	veen capital employed and profit?														
			oital	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	(08)			
	I I	_	oloyed (Rs.in														
	_	k )	<u> </u>			0		1.6	1		20	2.2	7.0				
	]	Pro	fit (Rs.in k)	2	4	8	5	10	15	14	20	22	50				

Q.3	Answer the following questions.		
<b>A).</b>	The probability that a patient will get reaction of a particular injection is $0.001$ . 2000 patients are given that injection find the probability that i) 3 patients will get reaction. ii) more than 2 patients will get reactions. ( $e^{-2} = 0.135$ )	(07)	
B).	Find the regression Co-efficient $b_{yx}$ and $b_{xy}$ . Hence find the correlation co-efficient between x and y for the following data.    X 4 2 3 4 2   Y 2 3 2 4 4	(08)	
Q.4	Attempt any two questions. (Each of 7.5 mark)	(15)	
	<ol> <li>Six cubicle dice are thrown for 1458 times. If 2 or 3 is regarded as a success, find the probability of different number of successes and their expected frequencies.</li> <li>The following table gives the information regarding life hours of 5 flouroscent lamps of</li> </ol>		
	10 different samples. Draw $\overline{X}$ and R charts and state your conclusions         Sample no.       1       2       3       4       5       6       7       8       9       10 $\overline{X}$ 3290       3180       3350       3370       3280       3240       3260       3410       3310       3510         R       360       210       50       100       50       400       500       200       300       600         [For n=5 $A_2 = 0.58$ , $D_3 = 0$ , $D_4 = 2.11$ ]		
	3. By the method of least square fit a straight line for following data    X		
	4.Three families have respectively 2 boys and 3 girls, 3 boys and 2 girls, 2 boys and 2 girls.  1 child is selected at random from each family. Find the probabilities that the selected group of 3 children will have  i) All boys  ii) All girls  iii) 2 boys and 1 girl		