Enrollment No: \_\_

(20)

## PARUL UNIVERSITY **FACULTY OF PHARMACY**

## D. Pharm. Summer - 2022 -23 Examination

Year: 2 Date: 05/04/2023

Subject Code: ER20-25T Time: 2:00pm to 5:00pm

**Subject Name: Hospital & Clinical Pharmacy- Theory Total Marks: 80** 

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_	gures to the right indicate maximum marks.  All the suitable assumptions wherever necessary.				
Q.1	Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) (1 Mark Each)				
1.	The pharmacy and therapeutics committee plays dual r	role ofandconcept.			
	(A)Procurement of drug, dispensing of drug	(B) Selection, training			
	(C) Selection of drug, dispensing of drug	(D) Advisory, Education			
2.	a armai	•			
	(A)Physician	(B) Pharmacist			
	(C) Nurse	(D) Administrator			
3.	Following points are considered to ensure drug safety l	by PTC except			
	(A) Adequacy of hospital pharmacy manpower	(B) Regulation of dangerous drugs			
	(C) Flow to outpatient department	(D) Separation of poisonous and non-			
		poisonous substances.			
4.	Hospital formulary is				
	(A) List of selected drugs or preparation in	(B) List of all investigational drugs or preparations			
	Hospital	that are used by medical staff			
	(C) List of all items in the hospital	(D) None of the above			
5.	Objective of Infection Control Committee is:				
	(A) To understand the causes of nosocomial	(B) To provides instructions to hospital staff to			
	infection and basic infection control	control the infection.			
	(C) To provides a way in selection of established	(D) All of the above			
	and rational methods to control the infection.				
6.	Which statements regarding bed side pharmacy are true	e?			
	(A) in this the medicines are stocked on the floor	(B) in this the medicines are provided to patient on			
		their bed-side			
	(C) in this system patient can self-utilize the drug	(D) both B & C			
7.	Full form of CSD?				
	(A) Center social dispensing	(B) center sterile department			
	(C) central supply dispensed	(D) none of the above			
8.	Patient who occupies space in hospital is				
	(A) outpatient	(B) inpatient			
	(C) operational patient	(D) none of the above			
9.	Following is the reason behind the growth of outpatient services				
	(A) The need of health community	(B) the deficiency of medical practioners in some			
		areas			
	(C) to conduct teaching programmers as per the	(D) all of these			
	need of the hospital				
10.	1 1				
	(A) Pharmacist	(B) doctor			

(A) Pharmacist (B) doctor (C) physician (D) patient

11. This is the reason why pharmaceutical compounding is an integral part of pharmacy practice:

(A) It prepares, mixes and assembles packaging and labelling of a drug product

(B) Essential component of healthcare

(C) It lowers market price of branded medications

(D) Provides out of stock medications

12.	Which of the following is incorrect on how to use digital	balances?			
	(A) Add the material to be weighed until the	(B) Add the material to be weighed until the			
	correct weight is displayed	correct weight is displayed			
	(C) Make sure the balance arm can move freely	(D) Place a piece of paper on the pan			
13.	One of the following is a reason for compounding:				
	(A) To maximize strength of medication	(B) To colour medicine for a patient			
	(C)To reformulate the drug to include an unwanted	(D) To discover new medicine for external use			
	ingredient				
14.	Trituration means:				
	(A) The technique of carrying out mixing material	(B) The technique of mixing gaseous materials			
	(C) The technique of mixing semi-solid materials	(D) The technique of mixing semi-solid materials			
15.	Clinical Pharmacy is concerned with				
	(A) biomedical	(B) A & C both			
	(C) pharmaceutical science	(D) none			
16.	Drug information service serves				
	(A) drug information	(B) A & C both			
	(C) poison information	(D) None			
17.	Secondary Sources for DIS is				
	(A) review article	(B) A & C both			
	(C) Thesis	(D) none			
18.	ADR full form				
	(A) Adverse drug reaction	(B) Both			
	(C) Adult Dose Relation	(D) None			
19.	Computer Software's for pharmacy				
	(A) JAVA	(B) PNI			
	(C) MEDLINE	(D) B and C both			
20.	Target protein interact with				
	(A) target molecule	(B) A and C both			
	(C) Linker	(D) None			
Q.2	Long Answers (any 8 out of 10) (05 Mark Each)		(40)		
1.	Write a note role of pharmacist in preventing Antimicrob	pial resistance.			
2.	Write a note on distribution of drugs to ICU/ICCU/NICU	J/Emergency wards.			
3.	Describe a short definition & classification of hospital.				
4.	Describe a short professional responsibilities of hospital	pharmacist.			
5.	What is recorder quantity? Describe the procedure for pr	ocurement of materials in hospital.			
6.	Enlist advantages & disadvantages of radiopharmaceutic	als.			
7.	Describe the dispensing of radiopharmaceuticals.				
8.	Give applications of computer in pharmacy.				
9.	Write a note on scope of pharmacovigilance.				
10.	Write down role of compounding in hospitals				
Q.3	Short Answers (2 Mark Each){ Answer any 10}		(20)		
1.	What are the functions of PTC?				
2.	. Write the guiding principles while using Hospital Formulary.				
3.	. What is infection control committee? Write its composition and objective.				
4.	What is satellite pharmacy?				
5.	Write a short note on location and layout of OPD.				
6.	Explain the storage of narcotics and psychotropic substar	nces			
7.	What do you mean by e-prescription?				
8.	What do you mean by patient counselling?				
9.	What are different roles of pharmacovigilance?				
	What is TPN?				
11	Role of pharmacist in TPN?				
12	Write note on IV admixer services & incompatibilities.				