## Enrollment No: \_\_\_\_

## PARUL UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY B.Tech. Summer 2022-23 Examination

Semester: 4 Subject Code: 203115253 Subject Name: Structural Design		Date: 24/03/2023 Time: 2.00pm to 4.30pm Total Marks: 60	
<b>Instr</b> 1. Al 2. Fig 3. Ma 4. Sta	ructions: l questions are compulsory. gures to the right indicate full marks. ake suitable assumptions wherever necessary. art new question on new page.		
Q.1	Objective Type Questions - (All are compulsory) (Each of one mark)		(15)
	<ol> <li>There is only a% failure chance of concrete in its characteristic of A) 2 B) 3 C) 4 D) 5</li> </ol>	concrete	
	<ul> <li>2. The Concrete Grade can be known by calculating thestreng</li> <li>A) Compressive B) Shear C) Flexural D) All of the above</li> </ul>	th of the concrete.	
	<ul> <li>a) CTM b) Gradual tensile test c) Split tensile test d) Radial tensile test</li> <li>4 M15 concrete is used for:</li> </ul>		
	a) Dam b) Foundation c) R.C.C. d) Mass Concrete Work		
	<ul><li>5. Which of the following size of the bar cannot be used as longitudinal reinfor columns?</li><li>a) 25 mm b) 20 mm c) 16 mm d) 10 mm</li></ul>	cement of	
	<ul><li>6. The total area of longitudinal bars in a column section must not be less than the gross column area.</li></ul>	% of	
	7. State the parts of the Limit State Method		
	8. What is the minimum number of longitudinal bars in RC columns? 9. How do you calculate stirrups spacing in RC column?		
	10. The maximum spacing of spiral tie is mm.		
	11. List out the grade of the reinforcement steel.		
	12. What are the types of Reinforced Concrete Columns?		
	13. Write the formula of the maximum depth of the neutral axis for the below-graded $(f)$	ven grade of the	
	a $250 \text{ N/mm}^2$		
	b. 415 N/mm <sup>2</sup>		
	<ul><li>14. List out the types of transverse bars.</li><li>15. What are the Different Shapes of Isolated Footings?</li></ul>		
Q.2	Answer the following questions. (Attempt any three)		(15)
	<ul> <li>A) Write down the Reinforcement Detailing of Isolated Footing.</li> <li>B) What are the demerits of the Working Stress Method?</li> <li>C) What is Isolated Footing?</li> <li>D) What are the marite of the Ultimate Load Method?</li> </ul>		
	D) what are the merits of the Ultimate Load Method?		
Q.3	A) Design a rectangular beam to resist a bending moment equal to 45 kN-m usir B) Design a doubly reinforced beam of size 280 mm x 500 mm effective is subject moment of 225 kN m. Use M20 concrete and Fe 415 steel. Assume $f_{sc} = 353$ N/	ig M20 and Fe415. ected to a factored $mm^2$ .	(07) (08)

## OR

B) Enlist the difference between WSM and LSM.

(08)

Q.4 A) Design the below-given T-beam having a length of 10 m. Find out the tensile steel area required (07) at midspan to support a factored moment of 725 kN-m.



A) Classify the types of concrete as per the grade of the concrete.(07)B) Find out the area of the isolated footing for the given data.(08)Load from the column = 1000 kNSize of the column = 350 x 350 mm

Soil Bearing Capacity =  $150 \text{ kN/m}^2$