

**PARUL UNIVERSITY**  
**FACULTY OF ARTS**  
**B. Arts Summer 2022–23 Examination**

**Semester: - 06**  
**Subject Code: - 15105354**  
**Subject Name: - Psychology of Gender**

**Date: 11/03/2023**  
**Time: 02:00pm to 04:30pm**  
**Total Marks: 60**

**Instructions:**

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
4. Start new question on new page.

**Marks**  
**08**

**Q.1 Do As Directed.**

- 1 Feminism is both a movement and \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) An approach to social and intellectual issues (B) Of particular interest to all women  
 (C) A style of scientific investigation (D) A historical moment that has been superseded by other concerns
- 2 Feminists argue that, among other things, prejudices against women lead to \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) A much-needed discussions about the role of women in society (B) Widespread discrediting of women's ideas and experiences  
 (C) Policies that enforce equity (D) An unbalanced life
- 3 .....refers to a person's biological and physiological characteristics.  
 (A) Sex (B) Gender  
 (C) Personality (D) Behaviour
- 4 .....is an individual's self-conception as a man or woman or as a boy or girl or as some combination of man/boy and woman/girl or as someone fluctuating between man/boy and woman/girl or as someone outside those categories altogether. It is distinguished from actual biological sex.  
 (A) Gender role (B) Sex role  
 (C) Gender identity (D) sexuality
- 5 Black feminism mainly focus the issue -----  
 (A) Sexism (B) Racism  
 (C) Both (D) None
- 6 :..... are the beliefs that people have about the features and characteristics of males and females.  
 (A) Gender role (B) Sex role  
 (C) Gender dividend (D) Gender stereotype
- 7 Unequal or disadvantageous treatment of an individual or group of individual based on gender, is  
 (A) Gender identity (B) Gender stereotype  
 (C) Gender discrimination (D) Gender identity disorder
- 8 What does it mean if two variables have a positive correlation?  
 (A) As variable increases so does the other (B) As one variable increases the other decreases  
 (C) The correlation between two variables is 0 (D) The correlation between the two variables is greater than 1.
- 9 At what age gender identity is established in children?  
 (A) 2 years (B) 4 years  
 (C) 6 years (D) 7years
- 10 After getting hurt during a play activity, Rohan started crying. Seeing this, his father responded, "Don't behave like girls, boys don't cry". This statement by the father was  
 (A) Challenges gender stereotype (B) Reduces gender bias  
 (C) Promotes gender equality (D) Reflects gender stereotype
- 11 Two people sitting together watching movie comfortably can be considered as  
 (A) Moment of closeness (B) Just sitting together  
 (C) Uncomfortable (D) All of these
- 12 Race is a powerful determinant of friendship. The tendency to form friendships with persons of the same ethnic group is called \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) Homophobia (B) Homophily  
 (C) Both (D) None

- 13 People who prefer the other sex partner is  
 (A) Homosexual (B) Bisexual  
 (C) Heterosexual (D) Gender fluid
- 14 The similarities between women's and men's friendships is called  
 (A) Sex differences (B) Fluidity  
 (C) Cross sex differences (D) Sex similarities
- 15 Which of these is not an interactional style in childhood?  
 (A) Playing with dolls (B) Playing outdoors  
 (C) Imitating heroic characters (D) Showing negative social behaviour
- 16 Learned helplessness theory was given by  
 (A) Freud (B) Seligman  
 (C) Louie Hay (D) Anna Freud

**B. Terms / Short Notes / Case Study / Charts / Graphs/ Tables, etc. (Each of 01 mark) (07)**

- 1 Define gender fluid. (04)  
 2 What is prejudice? (04)  
 3 What is love? (04)  
 4 Define intimacy.  
 5 Who are transgenders?  
 6 What is friendship?  
 7 What is the range of correlation?
- Q.2 Answer the following.**
- 1 Explain feminism in detail. (04)  
 2 Explain correlational study. (04)  
 3 Discuss gender role stereotype. (04)
- OR**
- 3 Describe the expression of emotion. (04)
- Q.3 Answer the following.**
- 1 Discuss status and culture. (05)  
 2 Explain the 1894-1936 period of sex differences in intelligence. (05)  
 3 Explain the effects of gender-role stereotypes. (05)
- OR**
- 3 Discuss GLBT friendship (05)
- Q.4 Answer the following.**
- 1 Discuss social construction of gender. (06)  
 2 Describe the experimenter effects in difficulties in conducting research on gender. (06)  
 3 Explain nonverbal behaviour. (06)
- OR**
- 3 Explain cohabiting relationships. (06)