

PARUL UNIVERSITY
FACULTY OF ARTS
B. Arts Summer 2022–23 Examination

Semester: - 06
Subject Code: - 15105353
Subject Name: - Educational Psychology

Date: 10/03/2023
Time: 02:00pm to 04:30pm
Total Marks: 60

Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
4. Start new question on new page.

Marks
08

Q.1 Do As Directed.

- 1 refers to cognitive, behavioral, and emotional well-being.

A. Mental health	C. Mental status
B. Mental hygiene	D. Well-being

- 2method involves watching a participant and recording relevant behavior for later analysis.

A. Survey method	B. Introspection
C. Observation	D. Experiment

- 3children are unable to cope with routine work normally expected of his/her age group.

A. Gifted children	B. Backward children
C. Economically backward children	D. None of the above

- 4 has ability to comprehend material several grade levels above their age peers.

A. Gifted children	B. Backward children
C. Exceptional children	D. Juvenile delinquents

- 5is the practice to maintain mental well-being through proactive behavior and treatments.

A. Mental health	C. Mental status
B. Mental hygiene	D. Well-being

- 6 are a diverse group of conditions in which a student chronically performs highly inappropriate behaviors

A. Mental disorders	B. Behavioral Disorders
C. Exceptional children	D. Backwards children

- 7 In-depth study of an individual in all its details is known as?

A. Experimental method	B. History method
C. Clinical method	D. Projective method

- 8 Youth crime and participation in illegal behavior by minors is known as?

A. Juvenile	B. Juvenile delinquency
C. Juvenile delinquent	D. Criminal

- 9 is the examination or observation of one’s own mental and emotional process.

A. Observation	B. Introspection
C. Clinical method	D. Projective method

- 10Examination that commonly employs ambiguous stimuli, notably inkblots and enigmatic pictures, to evoke responses that may reveal facts of the subject’s personality by projection.

A. Experimental method	B. History method
C. Clinical method	D. Projective method

- 11 Rorschach and Thematic apperception test are examples of.....

A. Experimental method	B. History method
C. Clinical method	D. Projective method

- 12 Pavlov's classical conditioning was an example of.....
 A Experimental method B Observation method
 C Clinical method D Projective method
- 13 is to see the relationship between two or more variables exists.
 A Experimental method B Case study method
 C Correlation method D Projective method
- 14 Child is often found inferior and low in confidence than other children.
 A Juvenile delinquent B Gifted child
 C Slow learner D Average child
- 15 is the name given to the type of educational research in which the investigator controls the educative factors to which group of children is subjected during the period of inquiry and observes the resulting achievement.
 A Experimental method B History method
 C Clinical method D Projective method
- 16 is an innate ability to both detect and comprehend the world in complex ways that differ significantly from age-expected norms
 A Exceptional child B Gifted child
 C Slow learner D Mentally retarded

B. Terms / Short Notes / Case Study / Charts / Graphs/ Tables, etc. (Each of 01 mark) (07)

- 1 Define educational psychology.
 - 2 Define differently abled children.
 - 3 Define gifted children.
 - 4 Define mental hygiene.
 - 5 Define projective methods.
 - 6 Define introspection method.
 - 7 Define survey method.
- D** Gathering data via asking a group of people their thoughts, reactions or opinions to fix questions.

Q.2 Answer the following.

- 1 Discuss scopes and limitations of educational psychology. (04)
 - 2 Discuss strategies for teaching students with behavioral issues. (04)
 - 3 Discuss gifted and backwards children in brief. (04)
- OR**
- 3 Discuss aim and objectives of mental hygiene. (04)

Q.3 Answer the following.

- 1 Discuss meaning of educational psychology and educational psychology as an applied science. (05)
 - 2 Discuss consequences of student's mental health issues. (05)
 - 3 Who is juvenile delinquent? Discuss cause of juvenile delinquencies. (05)
- OR**
- 3 Discuss disorders in children. (05)

Q.4 Answer the following.

- 1 Discuss needs of children in details. (06)
 - 2 Discuss classification and characteristics of exceptional children in details. (06)
 - 3 Discuss role of school in prevention and promotion of mental health of children. (06)
- OR**
- 3 Discuss methods of educational psychology. (06)