

Seat No: - \_\_\_\_\_

Enrollment No: - \_\_\_\_\_

**PARUL UNIVERSITY  
FACULTY OF ARTS**

**M. Arts Midterm Examination 2022–23**

**Semester: - III**

**Date: 28/07/2022**

**Subject Code: - 15206204**

**Time: (2 hours 30 min)**

**Subject Name: - Regional and Urban Economics I**

**Total Marks: 40**

**Instructions:**

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
4. Start new question on new page.

		<b>Marks</b>
<b>Q.1</b>	<b>Do As Directed.</b>	<b>06</b>
1	According to the central place theory a settlement which provides one or more services for the population living around it is called as	
	(A) Central Place	(B) Village
	(C) Range	(D) Hamlet
2	Which among the following assumptions is not given in the central place theory?	
	(A) Perfect competition	(B) Preference for the nearest market
	(C) Unequal transportation cost	(D) An even terrain
3	Growing two or more crops simultaneously on the same piece of land is known as	
	(A) Mixed cropping	(B) Extensive farming
	(C) Intensive farming	(D) None of the above
4	Formal Region can be also called as:	
	(A) Vernacular Region	(B) Informal Region
	(C) Uniform region	(D) Functional Region
5	Von Thunen explains the crop productivity and land use pattern changes when we go	
	(A) Near to the market	(B) Besides the market
	(C) Away from the market	(D) None of the above
6	Weber's Industrial location theory is also known as:	
	(A) Impure theory	(B) Output theory
	(C) Pure theory	(D) Input theory
7	Von Thunen hypothesized that a pattern of rings around the city would develop based on	
	(A) land cost and transportation cost.	(B) Area and industries
	(C) Land cost and land rent	(D) Transport cost and land rent
8	Which branch of Regional and Urban Economics deals with the decisions of the households, Individuals or firms?	
	(A) Micro Regional and Urban Economics	(B) Positive Regional and Urban Economics
	(C) Macro Regional and Urban Economics	(D) None
9	Vernacular region can be also called as:	
	(A) Perceptual region	(B) Nodal region

	(C)	Functional region	(D)	Formal region	
10	Weber has given the theory on the location of .....				
	(A)	Agriculture	(B)	Services	
	(C)	Industry	(D)	None	
11	Which among the following is not an indicator of Regional Development?				
	(A)	Improvement in the standard of living of people	(B)	Increase in the Urban Areas	
	(C)	Increase in Poverty	(D)	Industrial Development	
12	How many Axioms of Regional economics are there?				
	(A)	Four	(B)	Two	
	(C)	five	(D)	Three	
<b>B. Terms / Short Notes / Case Study / Charts / Graphs/ Tables, etc. (Each of 01 mark)</b>					<b>(04)</b>
1	Explain the term Extensive farming.				
2	Transport costs in the Weber's Industrial location theory are influenced by?				
3	What do you mean by crop productivity?				
4	Explain the term macro regional and urban economics.				
<b>Q.2</b>	<b>Answer the following.</b>				
1	Explain any two axioms of Regional economics.				<b>(04)</b>
2	Explain the Regional factors given by Alfred Weber				<b>(04)</b>
<b>OR</b>					
2	Explain in brief about the different types of regions.				<b>(04)</b>
<b>Q.3</b>	<b>Answer the following.</b>				
1	Explain the Von Thunen Model in detail.				<b>(05)</b>
2	Explain the principles of the Central Place Theory.				<b>(05)</b>
<b>OR</b>					
2	Explain the meaning and Nature of Regional and Urban Economics.				<b>(05)</b>
<b>Q.4</b>	<b>Answer the following.</b>				
1	Explain in detail the Weber's location theory.s				<b>(06)</b>
2	Explain the Central Place Theory in detail.				<b>(06)</b>
<b>OR</b>					
2	Explain the indicators of Regional development				<b>(06)</b>

\*\*\*\*\*All the Best\*\*\*\*\*