

Seat No: _____

Enrollment No: _____

PARUL UNIVERSITY
FACULTY OF MEDICINE
MBBS EXAMINATION: MARCH 2021

Year: 3 (Part-2)

Date: (22/03/2021)

Subject Code: 19100405

Time: 10:00 am to 12:00pm

Subject Name:- Obstetrics and gynaecology-1

Total Marks: 40

Instructions:

1. Attempt Each Section in Different Answer Sheet.
2. Write Answers legibly and To The Point
3. Draw Diagrams and Flow Chart Wherever Necessary.
4. Section -A Will be Collected in 15 Minutes

SECTION – A

Q.1	Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) On a separate paper (10 MCQs of 1 marks each)	10×1 mark	(10)
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- (01) Which of the following is most common warning sign/symptom of eclamptic seizure ?
 (A) Proteinuria (C) Facial edema
 (B) Severe Headache (D) Epigastric pain
- (02) 28 weeks primigravida patient came to clinic with Hb 7gm%. Her peripheral picture was showing microcytic hypochromic anemia. What is appropriate management for her.
 (A) injectable iron (C) folic acid
 (B) blood transfusion (D) injectable vitamin B 12
- (03) Puerperal infection may be spread by several routes. Which of the following is the most common route that results in serious complication of a septic thrombophlebitis?
 (A) arterial (C) venous
 (B) direct extension (D) lymphatic
- (04) Test for diagnosing Rh incompatibility in mother having Rh negative blood group is...
 (A) Kleihauer betke test (C) Bilirubin (direct & indirect)
 (B) Direct coomb's test (D) Blood count
- (05) Which of the followings is an indication for induction of labor?
 (A) Placenta previa. (C) Cord presentation.
 (B) Post-term gestation (D) Prior classical cesarean section
- (06) The most serious Maternal complication of IUFD is...
 (A). Acute amnionitis. (C) Pelvic thrombophlebitis.
 (B) Acute psychosis. (D) Hypo-Fibrinogenemia
- (07) Which of following is NOT a method for 1st Trimester MTP ?
 (A) Mifepristone + Misoprostol (C) Suction Evacuation
 (B) D & E (D) None of above
- (08) Molar Pregnancy can present with features of...
 (A) Hypo-Thyroidism (C) Hypertrichosis
 (B) Hirsutism (D) Hyper-Thyroidism
- (09) Which of following can lead to " Occipito-Posterior" position ?
 (A) Android Pelvis. (C) High Pelvic Inclination.
 (B) Anthropoid Pelvis (D) All Of Above
- (10) Which of following is NOT an Abnormal Development of Placenta?
 (A) Placenta Spuria. (C) Placenta Previa.
 (B) Placenta Succenturiata. (D) Circumvellate Placenta.

SECTION – B

Q.2 WRITE LONG NOTE ON (Any ONE out of TWO) **1×7 mark (07)**

Define Normal Labour. Describe various stages of Normal Labour

OR

Describe clinical features, diagnosis and treatment of Missed abortion

Q.3 Write Short Notes On: (Any TWO out of THREE) **2×4 mark (08)**

1. Hydatidiform Mole
2. Magnesium sulphate in eclampsia
3. Management by parenteral route of Iron-deficiency anemia in pregnancy

SECTION – C

Q.4 Write Short Notes : (ANY THREE out of FIVE) **3×3 (09)**
mark

1. Degree of Placenta Previa
2. Complications of Accidental Hemorrhage
3. Maternal & Fetal complications of PIH
4. Medical management of Atonic PPH
5. Indications of LSCS

Q.5 Write Short Notes : (ANY TWO out of FOUR) **2×3 (06)**
mark

1. Medical management of ectopic pregnancy
2. Puerperal Pyrexia
3. Causes of Maternal mortality
4. Oxytocin in obstetrics