PARUL UNIVERSITY

PARUL INSTITUTE OF PHARMACY

B.PHARM THIRD SEMESTER ·

FIRST INTERNAL THEORY EXAMINATION: 2019-20

Subject Name: PHYSICAL PHARMACEUTICS-1 Date: 14-08-2019 Subject Code: BP302T Total Marks: 30 Time: **Instructions:** 1. Figures to the right indicate full marks. [10]Q.1**Multiple Choice Questions:** Maximum amount of solute which can dissolve in 100gm of solvent at room 01 (1) temperature is called (a) Solubility (b) Capacity (c) Eligibility (d) Tedency Layer that surrounds solute when it is dissolved in solvent is called 01 **(2)** (a) Solvent layer **(b)** Solvation layer (c) Solute layer (d) Fatty layer Vapour pressure is directly proportional to temperature because of (3) 01 (a) More Kinetic energy (b) Faster particle movement **(c)** More potential energy (d) Both A and B When gas liquefies, molecules lose kinetic energy and experience increase **(4)** 01 (a) Force of attraction (b) Volume (c) Density (d) Pressure PV= nRT is called as **(5)** 01 (a) General equation **(b)** General gas equation (c) Linear gas equation (d) Quadratic gas equation Three phase system are in equilibrium at a point on the P-T graph is (6)01 (a) Critical point (b) Triple Point (c) Single Point (d) Definite point K_d is (7) 01 (a) Dissociation contant (b) Distribution constant (c) Dielectric constant (d) Diffusion constant The ability of a compound to crystallize as more than one distinct crystalline (8)01species is known as (a) Polymorphism (b) Pseudomorphism (c) Isomorphism (d) Amorphousim Number of moles of the solute present in one Kg of the solventis (9) 01 (a) Molarity b) Molality (c) Mole fraction (d) Normality Optically active substances are the substances which can rotate (10)01 (a) polarized light (b) plane polarized light (c) plane of plane polarized light (d) angle of polarized light

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2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.

Q.2 Long Answers: (Any One)

- 1) Define diffusion. Give its types and applications in biological systems. Explain fick's laws of diffusion.
- 2) a) Explain the changes in states of matter with suitable examples.
 - b) Explain Raoult's law and real solutions.
- Q.3 Short Answers: (Any Two)
 - 1) What are Partially Miscible liquids . Define CST and miscibility temperature. 05
 - 2) Write a note on

05

- a) Dielectric constant
- b) Dipole moment
- 3) Define
- a) Eutectic mixtures
- b) Aerosols
- c) Liquid crystals
- d) Glassy state
- e) Optical rotation
