Semester: 3
Subject Code: 03105203
Subject Name: Data Structures

Date: 25/05/2019
Time: 02:00pm to 04:30pm
Total Marks: 60

## Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
4. Start new question on new page.
Q. 1 Objective Type Questions - (All are compulsory) (Each of one mark)
5. How do you initialize an array in C ?
(a) int $\operatorname{arr}[3]=(1,2,3)$;
(b) int $\operatorname{arr}(3)=\{1,2,3\}$;
(c) int $\operatorname{arr}[3]=\{1,2,3\}$;
(d) int $\operatorname{arr}(3)=(1,2,3)$;
6. Queue Data structure follows
(a) LIFO
(b) FILO
(c) LILO
(d) None of these
7. Assuming int is of 4bytes, what is the size of int arr[15];?
(a) 15
(b) 19
(c) 11
(d) 60
8. Insert an element in array at index k will take how much time?
(a) $\mathrm{O}(1)$
(b) $\mathrm{O}(\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{k})$
(c) $\mathrm{O}(\log (\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{k}))$
(d) $\mathrm{O}\left(\mathrm{n}^{2}-\mathrm{k}\right)$
9. The statement head->Link->Link->Link $->$ link $==$ NULL terminates a linked list after its _ node.
(a) 2 nd
(b) 4th
(c) 5 th
(d) 3 rd
(e) first.
10. Binary Search Complexity is $\mathrm{O}\left(\log _{2} \mathrm{n}\right)$ in worst case. True/False
11. Address Calculation in array is possible only by row major order. True/False
12. Binary tree has exactly two children. True/False
13. Every graph is a tree. True/False
14. Inserting a Node at the end of link list takes O (1) time. True/False
15. Pointer is used for $\qquad$ memory access.
16. Write overflow condition for stack $\qquad$
17. Write Underflow condition for circular queue $\qquad$
18. Write any two application of stack.
19. Total no of nodes in the binary tree of having height $h$.
Q. 2 Answer the following questions. (Attempt any three)
A) Explain Multidimensional Array. Find the address of A [3][2] in row major and column major order. Given, base address is 2000 for an array A [10] [6] and assuming int is of 4bytes.
B) Sort the following elements using Bubble sort.
$40,15,65,56,78,31,42,15$
C) What are the methods for collision avoidance in hashing and explain one in detail.
D) Explain Insert operation in circular queue with diagram.
Q. 3 A) Write an algorithm for push and pop operation into stack.
B) Write an algorithm to perform each of the following operations on singly linked list using head/first or start node.
20. add node at the end
21. insert a node containing x data after node having address p

## OR

B) What is Heap and explain it as per its types? Also construct MIN heap for the following Sequence.
$21,18,11,4,50,56,33,11$
Q. 4 A) Explain Tower of Hanoi problem and Explain it by $N=3$ where $N$ means no of plates.

OR
A) Transform the following expression to postfix and evaluate postfix expression (by assuming $\mathrm{P}=1$, $\mathrm{Q}=2, \mathrm{R}=3, \mathrm{~S}=5, \mathrm{~T}=5, \mathrm{U}=6, \mathrm{~V}=4$ and $\mathrm{W}=3) \mathrm{P}+\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{R} * \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{T}+\mathrm{U}^{*} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{W}$
B) Write an algorithm to perform each of the following operations on Circular linked list using head/first or start node.

1. add node at the start
2. add node at the end
