Seat No:_____ Enrollment No:_____

PARUL UNIVERSITY

COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE

B.Sc.(Hons.) Agriculture, Summer 2018 - 19 Examination

| • | de: 20101254 de: Introductory Agro-Meteorology and Climate Change | Date:11/04/2019 Time:10:30am to01:00pm Total Marks: 50 | Time:10:30am to01:00pm | | | |
|--------------|---|--|------------------------|--|--|--|
| Instruction | ns . | | | | | |
| 1. All ques | ions are compulsory. | | | | | |
| 2. Figures t | o the right indicate full marks. | | | | | |
| 3. Make su | table assumptions wherever necessary. | | | | | |
| | question on new page. | | | | | |
| Q.1 Do | as Directed. | | | | | |
| A. Fill | in the blanks. (Each of 0.50 marks) | | (05) | | | |
| 1. | Autumnal Equinox occurs on | _ day. | | | | |
| 2. | Autumnal Equinox occurs on % CO ₂ . | | | | | |
| 3. | The earth is surrounded by a mixture of gase | es known as | | | | |
| 4. | Atmospheric pressure is measured by an inst | | | | | |
| 5. | The word "Meteors" means | '' "logos" means | | | | |
| 6. | Solid phase of earth is called as | | | | | |
| | Earth completes one rotation in | _· time | | | | |
| 8. | The average height of troposphere is about _ | _ tille. km above the men sea level | | | | |
| | The word "tropo" means '_ | "sphere" means | | | | |
| | the word tropo means _ | sphere means | | | | |
| 10 | ''colour of soil absorb more radia | ation than other types | | | | |
| R Mu | tiple choice type questions. (Each of 0.50 m | acron than other types. | (10) | | | |
| | The shape of earth is | idi K) | (10) | | | |
| 1. | a) Circular | b) Hyperbolic | | | | |
| | c) Elliptical | d) Parabolic | | | | |
| 2 | The natural source of water is | d) Tarabone | | | | |
| 2. | a) River | b) Rainfall | | | | |
| | c) Canals | d) Lake | | | | |
| 3. | The lowest layer of the atmosphere is | u) Luke | | | | |
| 5. | a) Troposphere | b) Mesosphere | | | | |
| | c) Stratosphere | d) Thermosphere | | | | |
| 4 | Vertical flow of air is called | d) Thermosphere | | | | |
| 7. | a) Current | b) Convection | | | | |
| | c) Wind | d) Advection | | | | |
| 5 | Medium range forecast is valid for | u) haveenon | | | | |
| ٥. | a) 1-3 dyas | b) 6-12 dyas | | | | |
| | c) 3-7 dyas | d) 1-6 Hours | | | | |
| 6. | The average physical state of the atmosphere | , | | | | |
| 0. | a) Weather | b) Environment | | | | |
| | c) Climate | d) None of these | | | | |
| 7 | World Meteorological Day is celebrated on - | | | | | |
| ,. | a) 23 rd March | b) 31 st December | | | | |
| | c) 22 nd April | d) 1 st January | | | | |
| 8 | Places situated on the side of a mount | · • | | | | |
| 0. | a) Leeward | b) Windward | | | | |
| | c) A and B both | d) backward | | | | |
| Q | radiation is emitted from sun whereas | | | | | |
|). | a) Short wave & long wave | b) long wave & Short wave | | | | |
| | c) Short wave & Short wave | d) long wave & long wave | | | | |
| 10 | Meteorology word is derived from | | | | | |
| 10. | | h) Arabic | | | | |

| | | c) | Latin | Ċ | 1) | English | |
|-----|----------|----------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|-------|---|-------|
| | 11. | Evapor | ation is measured by | | | | |
| | | a) | Open pan evaporimeter | t |) | Hydrometer | |
| | | c) | Hygrometer | Ċ | 1) | Perimeter | |
| | 12. | The mo | ovement of earth around the | sun is known as | | | |
| | | a) | Revolution | t |) | Rotation | |
| | | c) | Resolution | Ċ | 1) | A and B both | |
| | 13. | The wi | nds that blow from 30° N to | the equator in NE | di | rection in the Northern Hemisphere and | |
| | | from 30 | O°S to the equator in SE direct | ction in the southe | rn | Hemisphere, these wind is known as | |
| | | | · | | | | |
| | | , | Trade | | | Tropical | |
| | | , | A and B both | | (1) | Westerlies | |
| | 14. | | of Rice (flooded) field is | | | | |
| | | , | 12 | | , | 12-20 | |
| | | , | 10-12 | | 1) | 20-25 | |
| | 15. | | lue of Dry adiabatic lapse rat | | • | | |
| | | , | 6.5 | | , | 9.8 | |
| | | , | 4.0 | | - | A and B both | |
| | 16. | | | isthan d | ry | adiabatic lapse rate, the atmosphere is | |
| | | | be unstable | | | _ | |
| | | | Higher | | / | Lower | |
| | | | Equal | | _ | None of the above | |
| | 17. | | cretariat, headquartered of W | | | | |
| | | , | Geneva | | | Beijing | |
| | | | Rome | | 1) | New Delhi | |
| | 18. | | is range of visible radiation | | | 0.4.0.= | |
| | | | 0.0 to 0.3 μm | | | 0.4 to 0.7 μm | |
| | 10 | | 0.7 to 0.9 μm | | 1) | 0.9 to 4.0 μm | |
| | 19. | | e of raindrops is in | | , | 0.5 | |
| | | , | 0.0 mm to 0.5 mm | | | 0.5 mm to 4.0 mm | |
| | 20 | | 4.0 mm to 5.0 mm | | - | 5.0 mm to 6.0 mm | |
| | 20. | _ | • | ne form of tiny dro | opl | lets on the colder bodies at earth's | |
| | | | is known as | 1 | ` | 1 | |
| | | , | Frost | | _ | dew | |
| n | D @ | | Fog | C | 1) | Smog | (0.5) |
| В | | | Collowing. (Any five) | | | | (05) |
| | | Hydrolo Mataana | | | | | |
| | | Meteoro | nogy | | | | |
| | | Climate Weather | | | | | |
| | | w eamer Perihelio | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | Lapse ra Isotherm | | | | | |
| | | Wind | 1 | | | | |
| C | | | following. (Any five) | | | | (05) |
| C. | 1. | | ull form of WMO. | | | | (03) |
| | 2. | | is IMD located? | | | | |
| | 2. 3. | | elements of weather. | | | | |
| | 3. 4. | | characters of atmosphere. | | | | |
| | 5. | | tratosphere is known as "sea | t of photochemics | 1 r | agations"? | |
| | 5. 6. | | s primary circulation? | i or photochemica | 11 10 | cactions: | |
| | 7. | | instrument is used to measu | re total solar radia | atic | on? | |
| | 8. | | ne formula for energy balanc | | ııı | лі. | |
| 0.3 | | | notes. (Any five) | С. | | | (10) |
| V.2 | | | tiate: Sea breeze Vs. Land b | reeze | | | (IV) |
| | | | tiate: Cyclone Vs. Anticyclo | | | | |
| | | | e composition of atmosphere | | | | |
| | | | uses of climate change. | • | | | |
| | | | radiation balance equation. | | | | |
| | | _ | e troposphere. | | | | |
| | 0. | | a opospiioio. | | | | |

Q.4 Attempt any Three/Long Questions/Example1. Explain different forces which control air motion.

- 2. Enlist impact of climate change.
- 3. Differentiate: Climate Vs. Weather
- 4. Explain different forms of condensation.
- 5. Explain types of wind.

(15)